

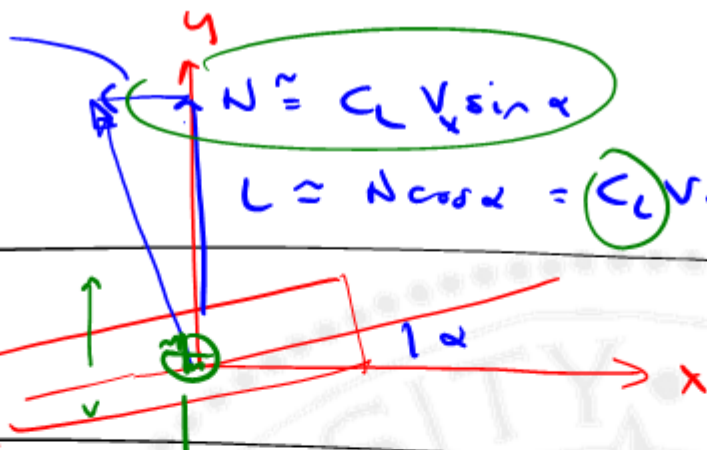
CMPE-242

Applied Feedback Control

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$$C_L V_x \sin^2 \alpha$$



$$N \approx C_L V_x \sin \alpha$$

$$L \approx N \cos \alpha = C_L V_x \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

$$mg$$

$$\alpha_0 \leftrightarrow mg, V_x$$

$$\alpha \approx \alpha_0 + \delta \alpha$$

$$\delta^2 \alpha + \dots$$



2 vs 3 hrs:

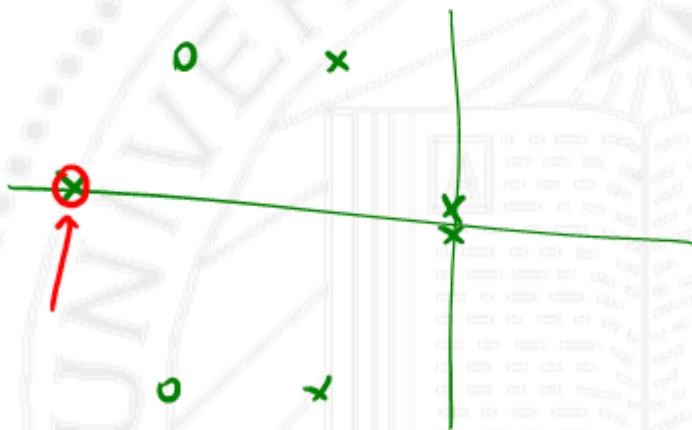
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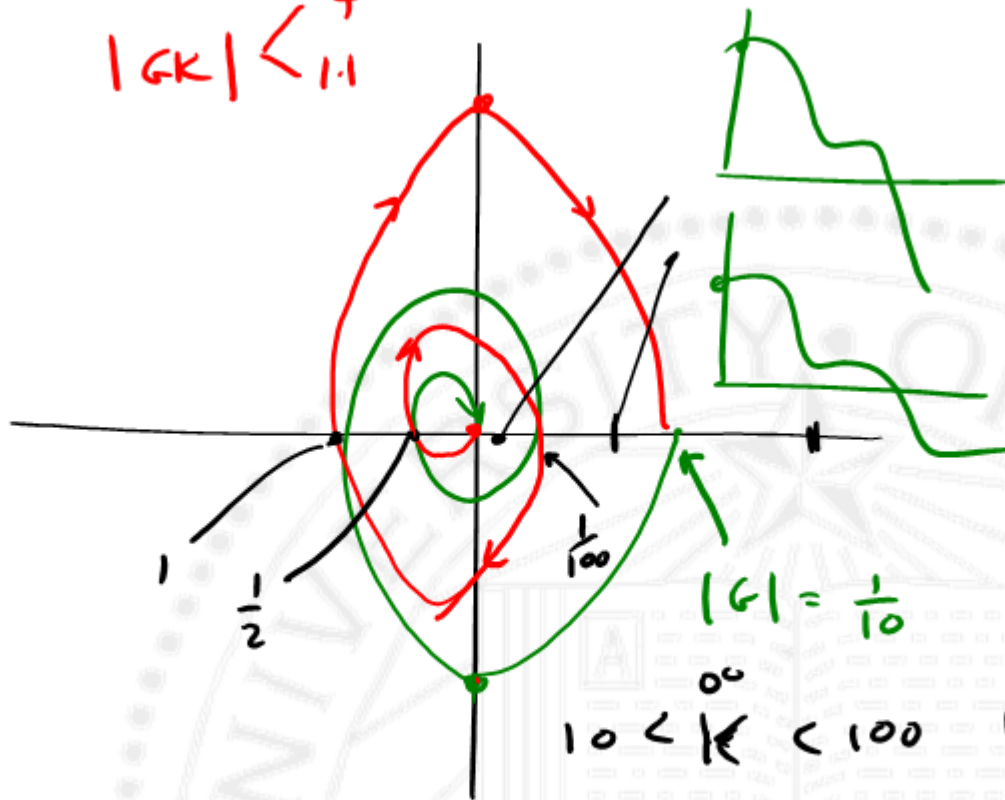
3 hour tele-home

8PM

2 questions - bds, f pnds



$$|GK| < 1.1$$



$$|G| = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$10 < k < 100 \quad 100 < k$$

1 zero in RHP

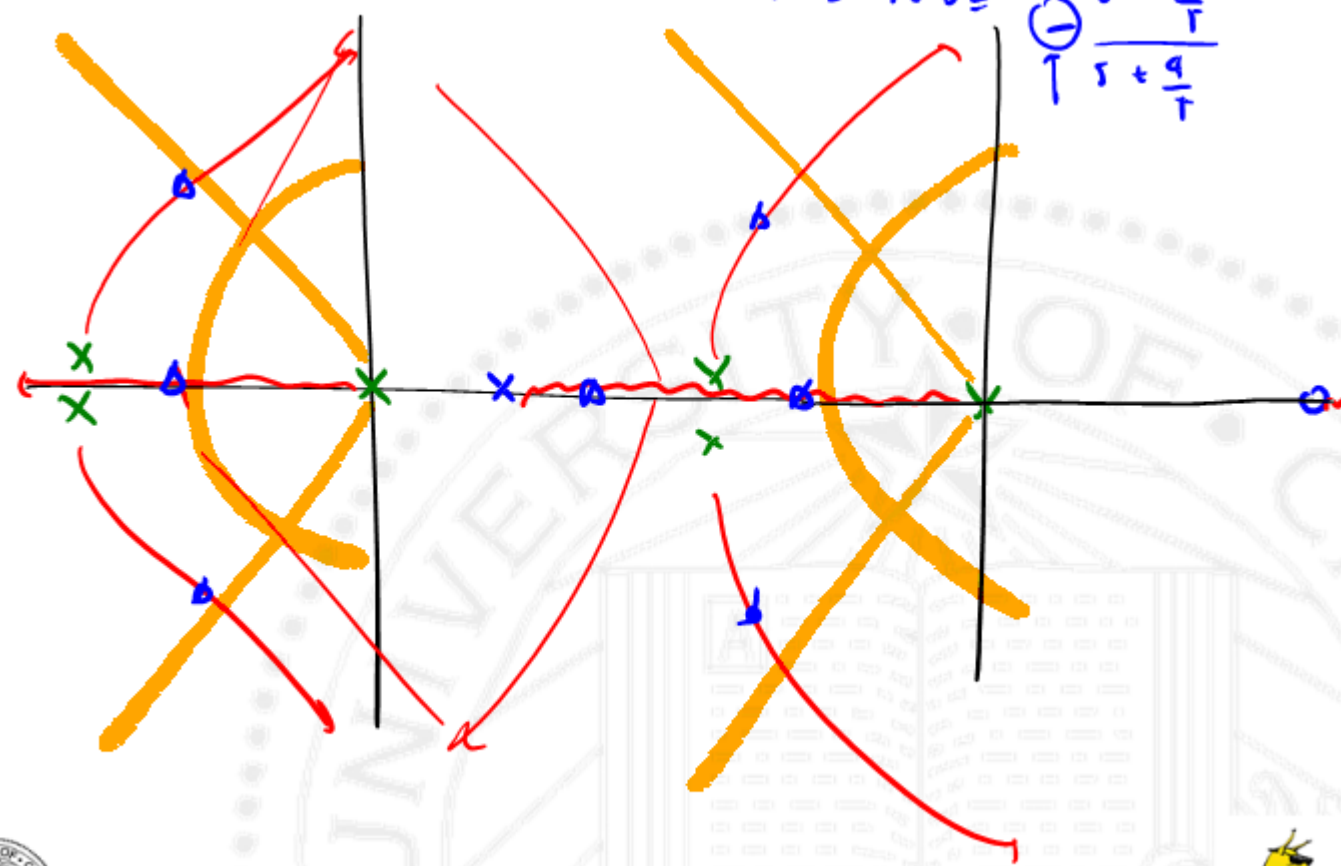
3 poles in RHP

3 poles



ADD POLE

$$\ominus \frac{s - \frac{a}{T}}{s + \frac{a}{T}}$$



$$z_{dcs} = 0.2 \pm 0.3j$$

↓

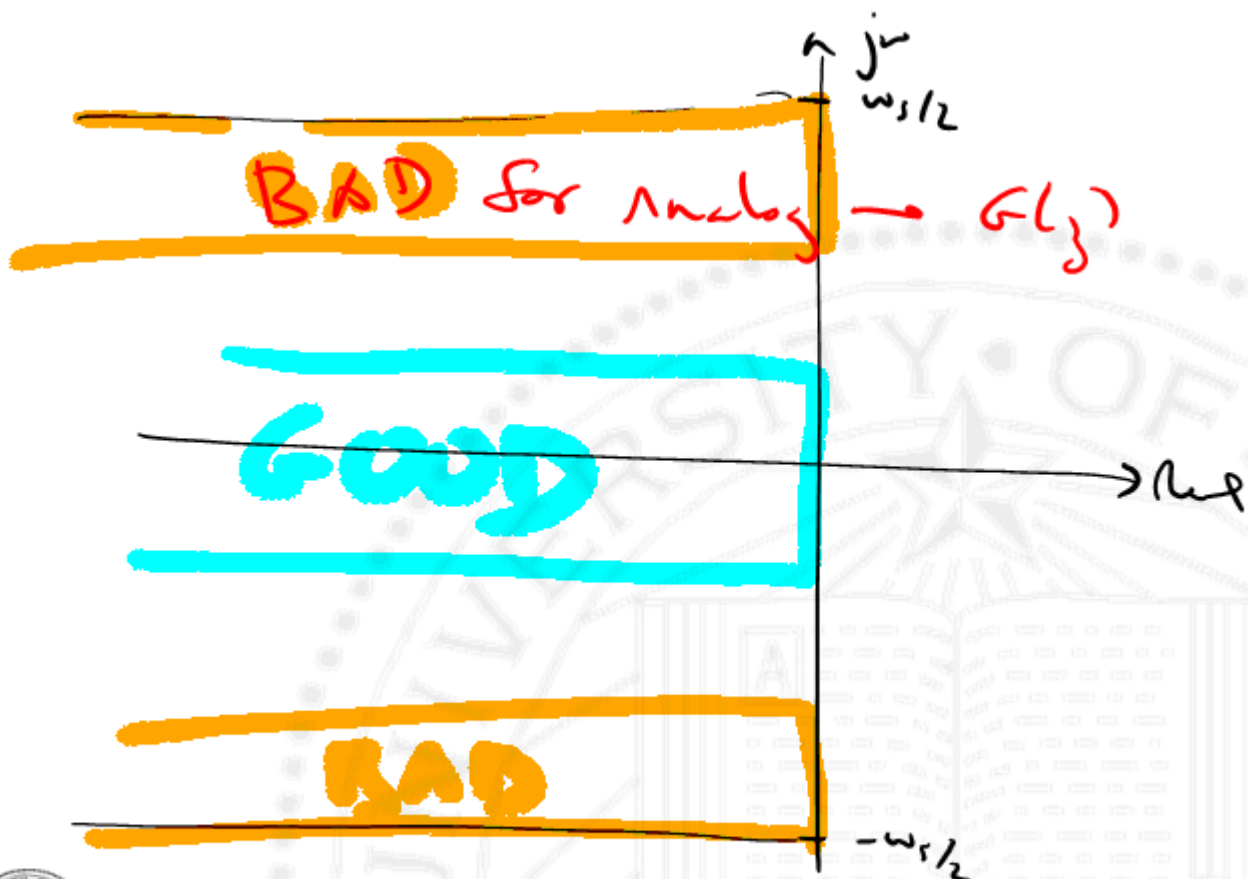
$$s_{dcs} = -1 \pm j$$

$$D_{cl}(K_g) \Big|_{T_{min}} = 0.25 \pm 0.22j$$

↓

$$s_{closed\ loop} = \underline{-1.08 \pm 0.22j}$$





Root locus in z

Harder — $G(z) = \frac{z^{-1}}{s} \left\{ \frac{G(s)}{s} \right\}$

$$z_{dcs} = e^{-\lambda_{dcs} T}$$

Bode in z ?

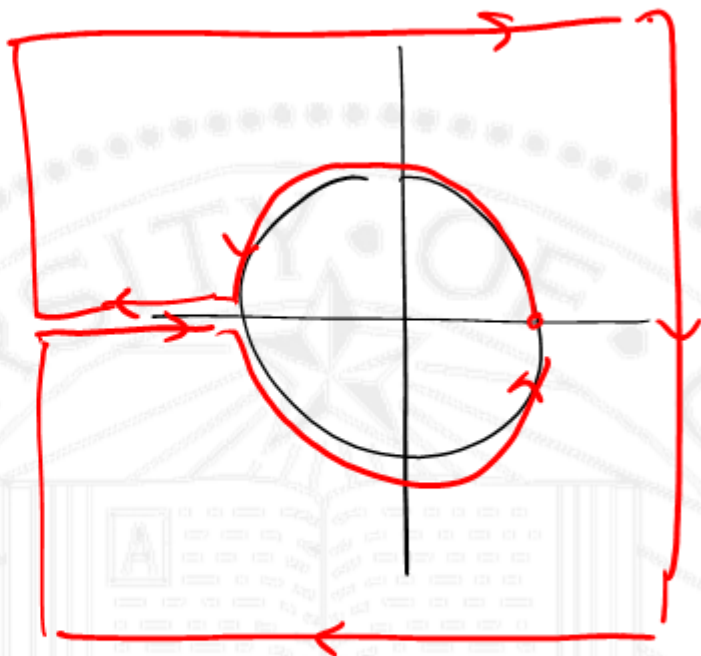
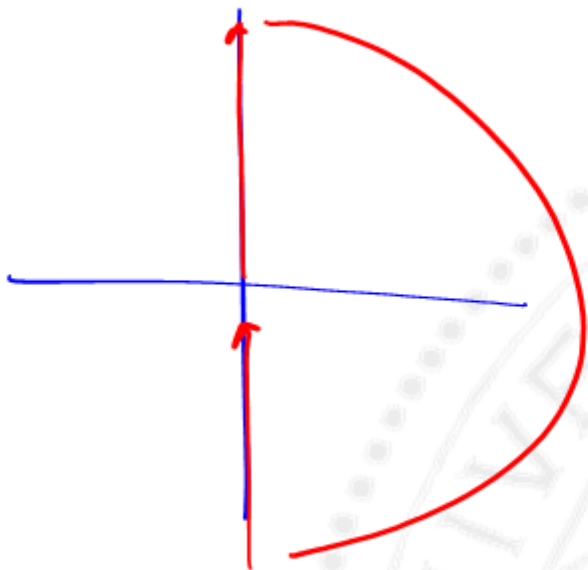
$$1 = j\omega$$

$z = e^{j\omega T}$ — look my straight line asymptotes

$$1 \rightarrow z \rightarrow \frac{\omega T}{T}$$



Nyquist in z ?



$$K_p = \lim_{z \rightarrow 1} K(z)G(z)$$

$$K_v = \lim_{z \rightarrow 1} \frac{z-1}{T_s} K(z)G(z)$$



DIGITAL BODE

$$G(e^{j\omega T}) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} | \\ \phi \end{array} \right.$$

d bode



DESIGN LEAD NETWORK
in "s"

$$\omega_{x0} = \sqrt{ab}$$

$$\frac{b}{a} \rightarrow \delta\phi$$

$$K_{LEAD}(s) = K_{LEAD}(z) \Big|_{\text{JUSTIN}}$$

PRE-WAMP @ ω_{x0} .

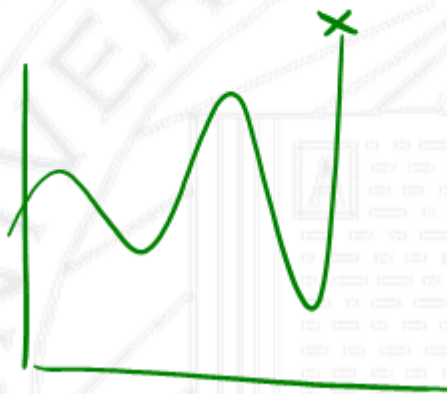
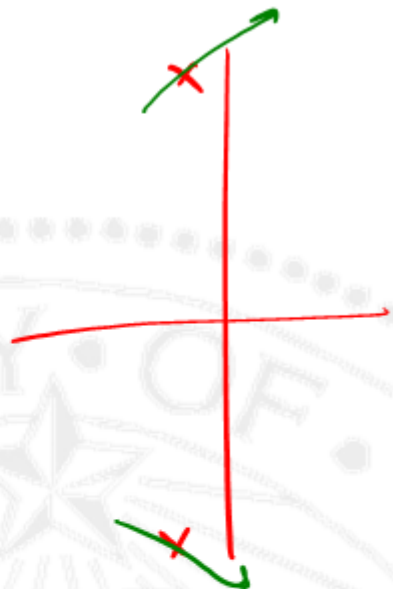
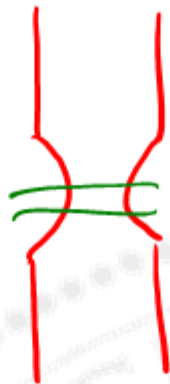
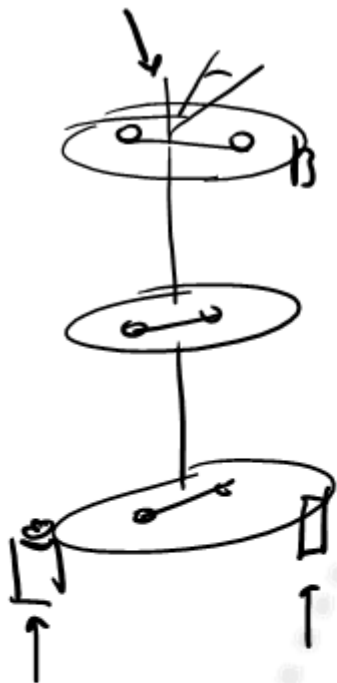


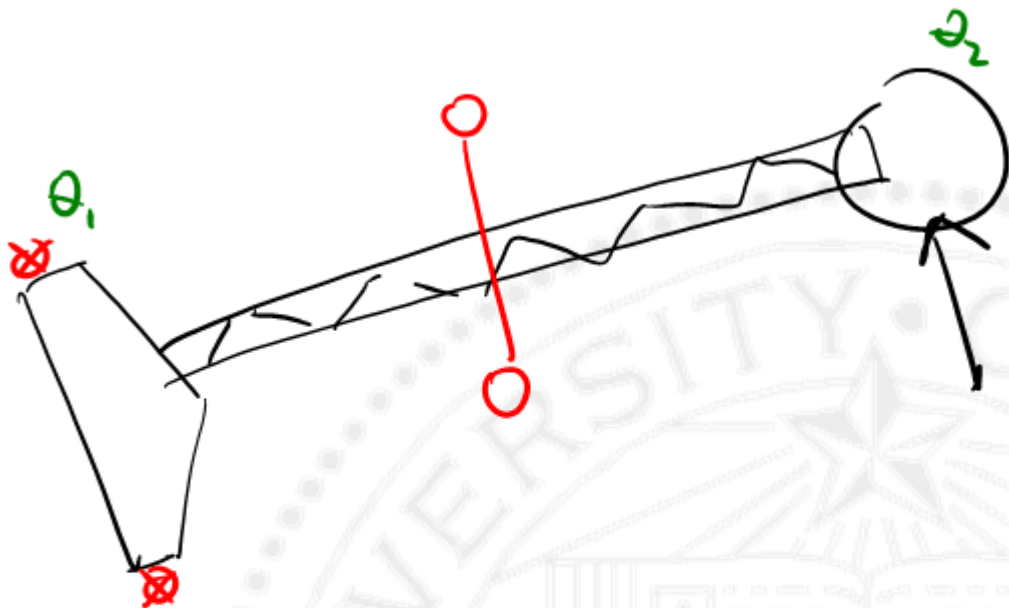
$$\text{LAG in "s"} \rightarrow \text{DC gain} = \frac{b}{a} \quad \frac{1+b}{1+a}$$

$$\text{LAG in "z"} \rightarrow \text{DC gain} = \frac{1-b}{1-a} \quad \frac{z+b}{z+a}$$

↑







A cart at bottom (θ_1), measure θ_1 collocated
 " " " " , measure θ_2 non-collocated



State Space - ch. 7 in FPE

T.F. →

Root locus
Bode
Nyquist
Digital

Curved arrows connect 'Bode' to 'Nyquist' and 'Nyquist' to 'Digital'.

State space ← linear Algebra

T.F. :- n^{th} order differential/difference equation

SS :- N 2nd order differential/difference equations



$$\frac{C}{E} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 3} \longleftrightarrow \ddot{y} + 2\dot{y} + 3y = u$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$



$$\dot{\underline{x}} = \underline{A}\underline{x} + \underline{B}\underline{u}$$

$$\underline{y} = \underline{C}\underline{x} + \underline{D}\underline{u}$$



weird control
standard

$$\dot{\underline{x}} = \underline{F}\underline{x} + \underline{G}\underline{u}$$

$$\underline{y} = \underline{H}\underline{x} + \underline{D}\underline{u}$$



easy control
with

$$\underline{x}_{k+1} = \underline{\Phi}\underline{x}_k + \underline{\Gamma}\underline{u}_k$$

$$\underline{y}_k = \underline{H}\underline{x}_k + \underline{D}\underline{u}_k$$



DIGITAL



$$\dot{\underline{x}} = \underline{A}\underline{x} + \underline{B}\underline{u}$$

$$\underline{y} = \underline{C}\underline{x} + \underline{D}\underline{u}$$

$$\underline{D} \in \mathbb{R}^{r \times m}$$

DIRECT FEEDTHRU

$\underline{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ ← dynamics matrix
state transition

$\underline{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$ ← input matrix
(not square)

$\underline{C} \in \mathbb{R}^{r \times n}$ ← output matrix
(not square)

$$\underline{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$n \times 1$ vector "state"

$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}$ NOT UNIQUE
with order system

$$\underline{u} \in \mathbb{R}^m$$

$m \times 1$ vector "inputs"

$\begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ \vdots \\ u_m \end{bmatrix}$ m -input

$$\underline{y} \in \mathbb{R}^r$$

$r \times 1$ vector

"outputs"

$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_r \end{bmatrix}$ r -output



$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$y = Cx + Du$$

$$\begin{matrix} \uparrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \end{matrix} \left[\begin{array}{c} x \\ y \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{c|c} A & B \\ \hline C & D \end{array} \right] \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ \downarrow \end{matrix}$$

$n \times n$ $n \times m$
 $r \times n$ $r \times m$



Proper TF: more x's than o's

$$D \neq \frac{s^2 + \dots}{s^3 + \dots}$$

Strictly Proper TF:

x's = o's

$$D \neq \frac{s^3 + \dots}{s^3 + \dots}$$

Improper TF:

more o's than x's.



$$\dot{\underline{x}} = A\underline{x} + B\underline{u}$$

$$u = -Kx \quad \text{control}$$

$$y = C\underline{x}$$

$$\dot{\underline{x}} = A\underline{x} + B(-K\underline{x}) = (A - BK)\underline{x}$$

eigenvalues of $(A - BK)$ \leftrightarrow poles of closed loop system

$$J = \int_0^{\infty} (x^T Q x + u^T R u)$$

A.R.F.

$$\min J$$

$$\text{subj. to } \dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$b$$

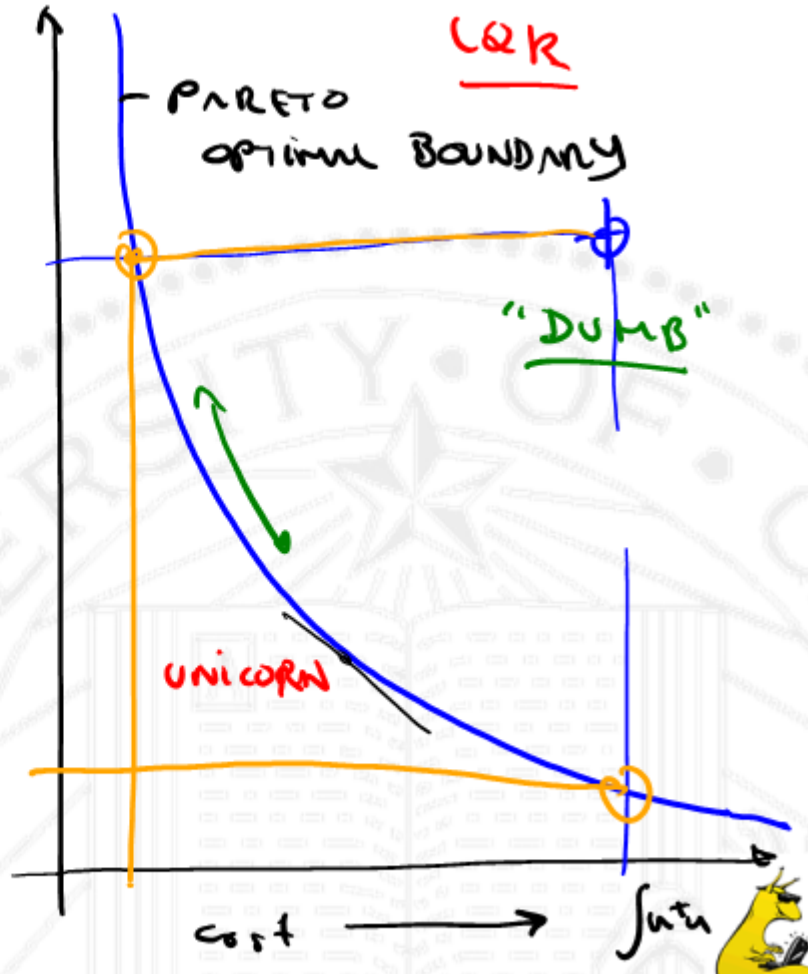
$$u = -Kx$$



LQR
 STABLE
 $> 50^\circ$ PM
 $\frac{1}{2} < GM < \infty$

MUST MERGERS
 ALL STATES

$\int x^T x$
 performance



$$C|f(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 3} \rightarrow [s^2 + 2s + 3]Y = 0$$

$$\ddot{y} + 2\dot{y} + 3y = u \quad \text{B}$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

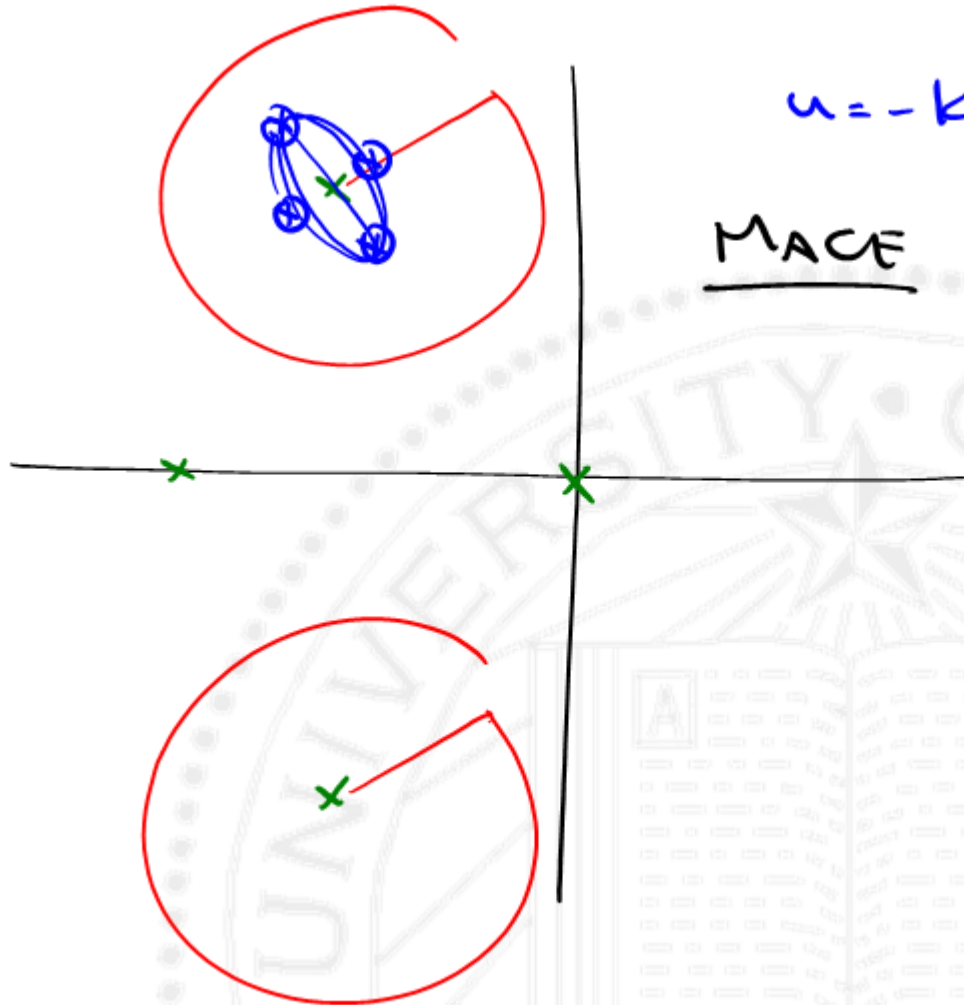
$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$\dot{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u \quad \text{D}$$

$$\ddot{y} = -2\dot{y} - 3y + u$$

TF \leftrightarrow SS \leftrightarrow SS \leftrightarrow TF





$$u = -kx$$

MACE



STATE SPACE

- (1) Higher order systems – easy to deal with.
- (2) Multiple input/Multiple output (MIMO) – easy to handle.
- (3) New set of tools (based on Linear Algebra) for control design



//
 $n \times 1$

$$\dot{X} = A X + B u$$

$n \times n$ $n \times m$ $m \times 1$

$$y = C X + D u$$

$r \times 1$ $r \times n$ $n \times 1$ $r \times m$ $m \times 1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} s & | & x_i \\ \hline & & u \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} & \\ \hline & \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ u \end{bmatrix}$$

NOT SQUARE

