

CMPE-242

Applied Feedback Control

Gabriel Hugh Elkaim



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CMPE 242 – Applied Feedback Control

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{\left(\frac{s}{5} + 1\right)\left(\frac{s}{50} + 1\right)} = \frac{250K}{(s+5)(s+50)}$$

$$\phi_M \geq 40^\circ$$

$$\xi_{\sigma} < 0.01$$

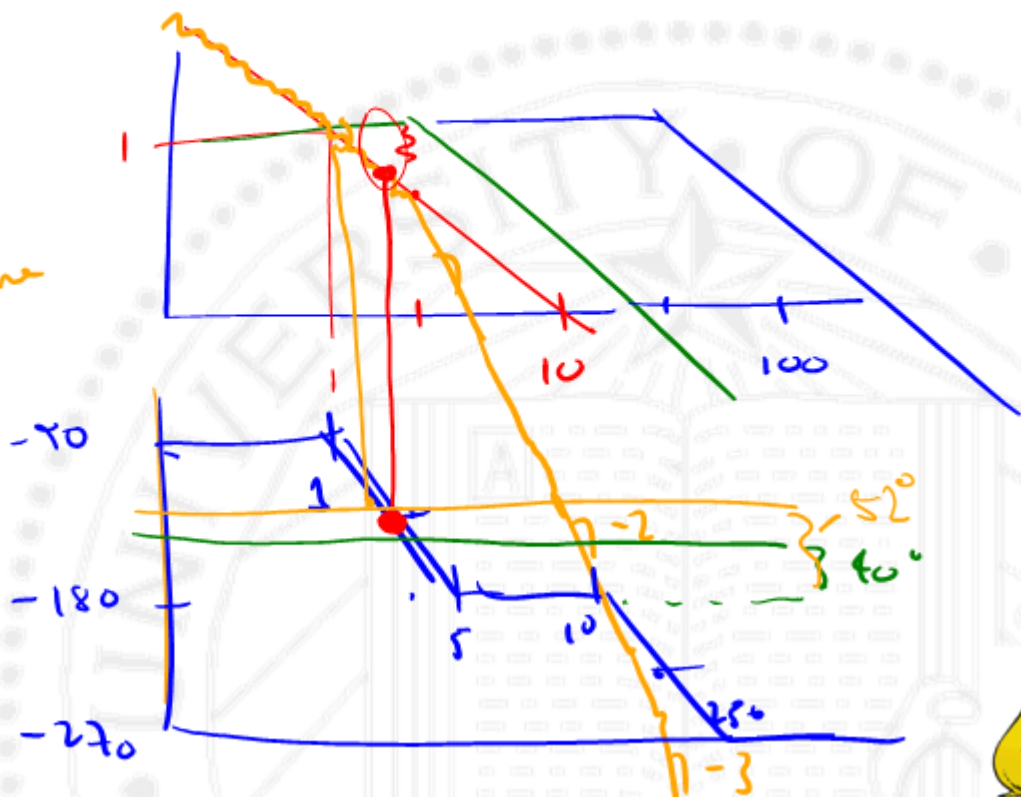
K, ω_c

$$\omega = 1.3 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$\phi(52^\circ)_{pm}$$

$$\omega_c = 30$$

$$\frac{s+30a}{s+a}$$



$$\underline{\Sigma_{SS}} \Rightarrow \text{FVT} - \underline{\Sigma_{SS}}(\omega) = \lim_{\lambda \rightarrow 0} \lambda \left(\frac{\Sigma}{R} \right) R(r)$$



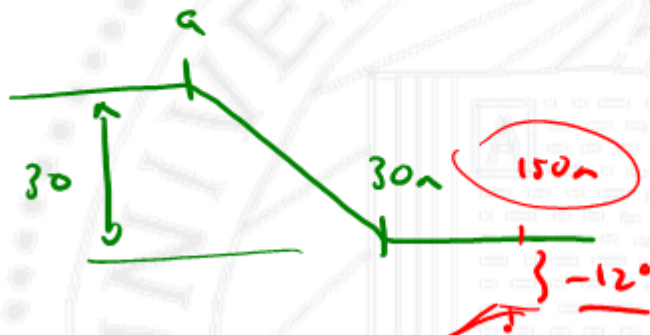
$$\frac{1}{1 + Gk}$$

$$\frac{1}{s^2}$$

$f(k)$

$\omega \downarrow$

lvl

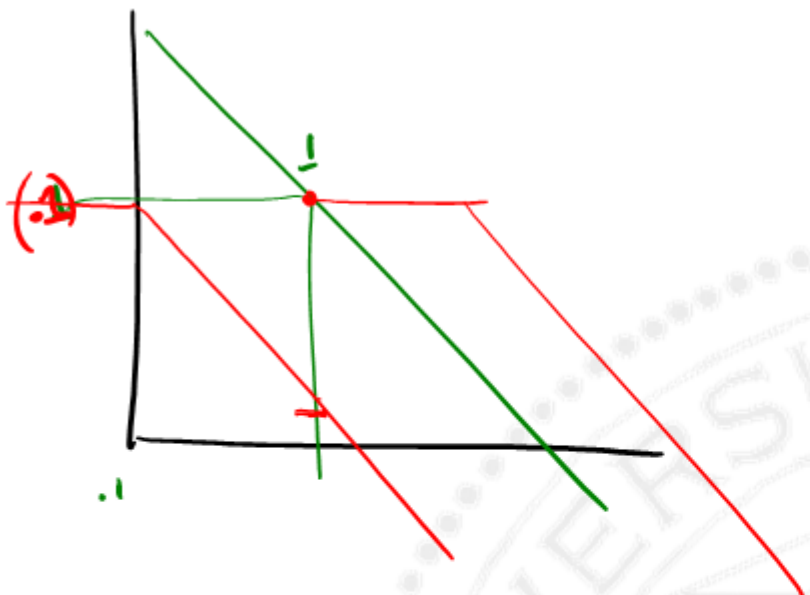


$$150 \omega = 1.3$$

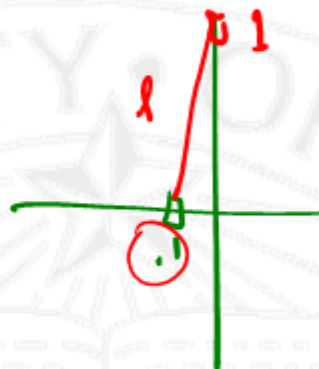
$$\therefore \omega = \frac{1.3}{150}$$

↑



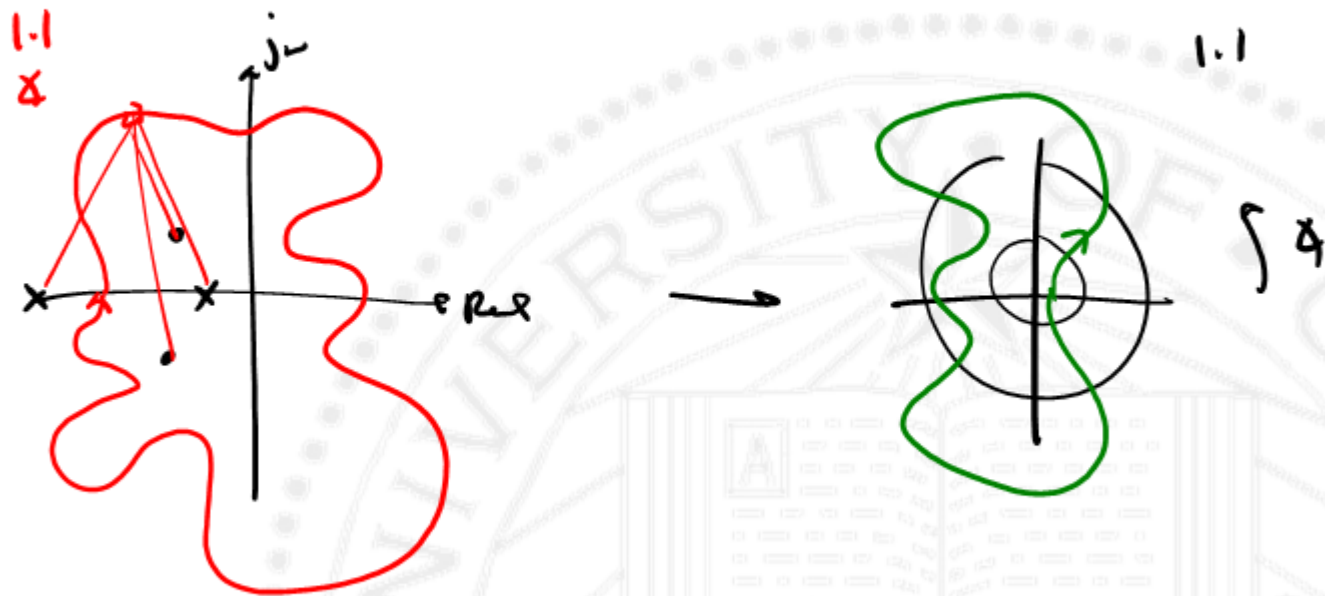


$$\frac{1}{s(s+1)(s+5)}$$

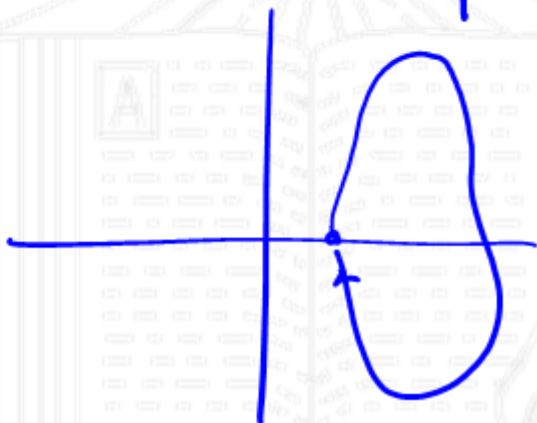
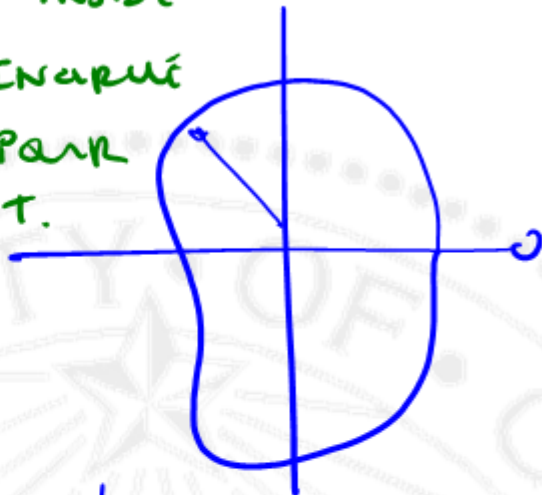
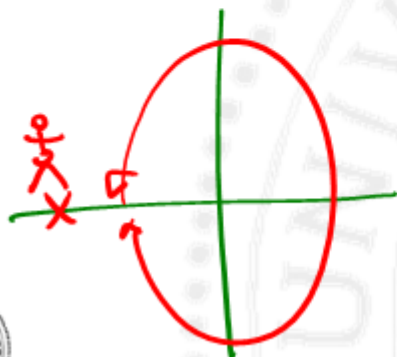
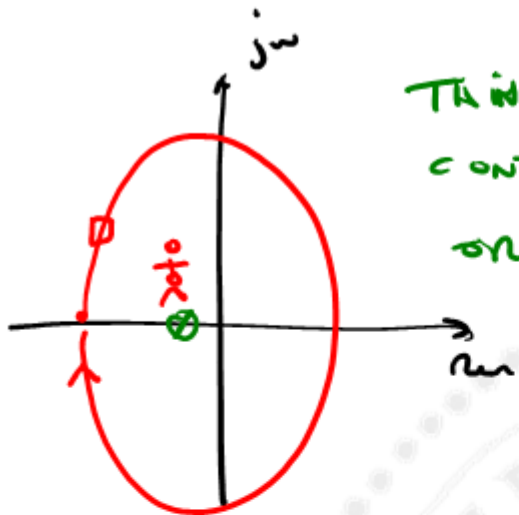


Nyquist

Cauchy's Principle of the Argument



THINGS ($v, 0$) INSIDE
CONTAIN \rightarrow ENCLOSE
ORIGIN IN POLE
PLOT.

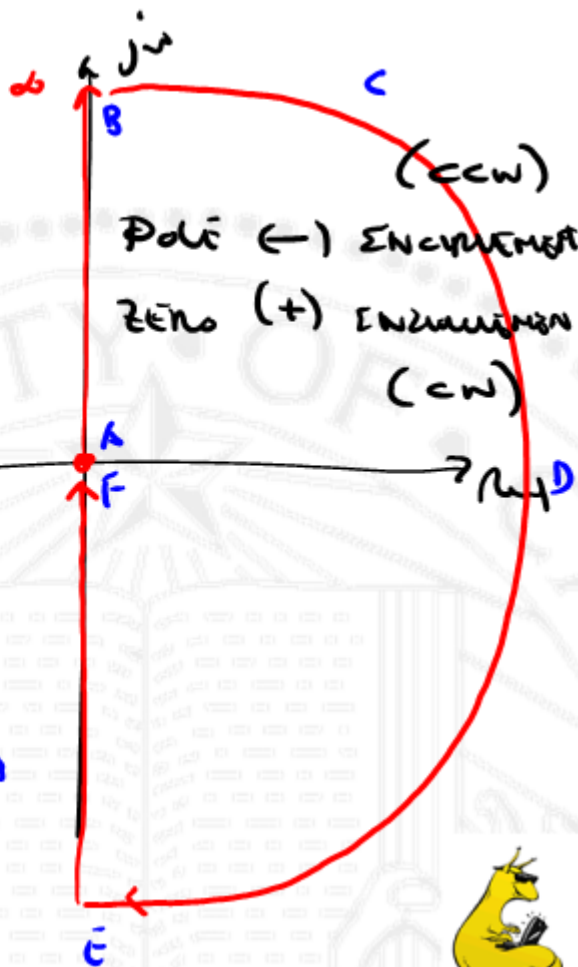


Nyquist

of open loop
↓
poles in RHP

$$N = Z - P$$

↑
of closed loop
poles in RHP



Pole (-) ENCOUNTER (ccw)

Zero (+) ENCOUNTER (cw)

A → B "B=DE"

C, D, E → ∅

E → F → BODE $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} | \cdot | \text{ same} \\ \phi - \text{ original} \end{array} \right.$

$$\tan^{-1}(-\phi) = -\tan^{-1}(\phi)$$



$$P/C = \frac{GK}{1+GK} = \phi \quad \text{CLOSED LOOP POLES} \quad \therefore \underline{GK = -1}$$

$$1 + \frac{K}{s} N = 0 \quad \therefore \underline{D + KN = \phi}$$



$$= \frac{1}{s}$$



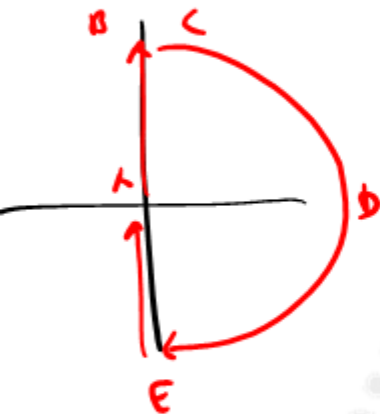
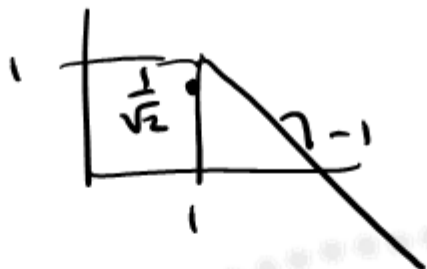
$$Z = N + P$$

\swarrow open loop poles
 \nwarrow # of CW encirclements

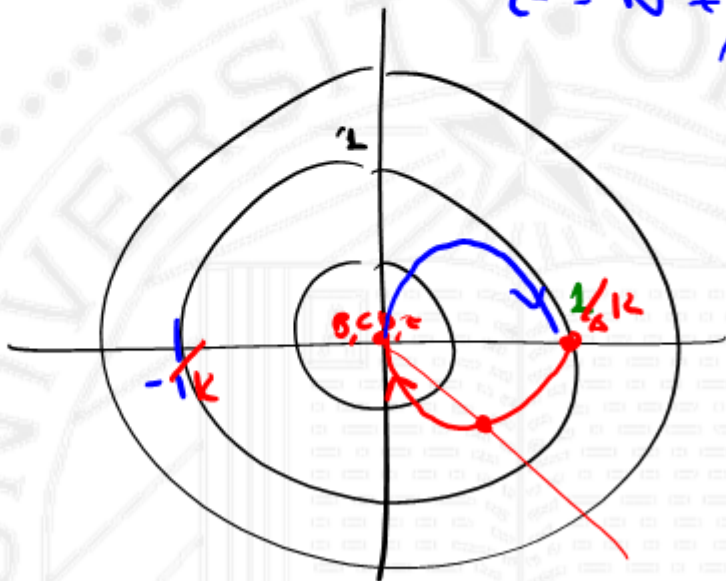


$$\frac{k}{s+1}$$

Bode



$$z = N + P$$



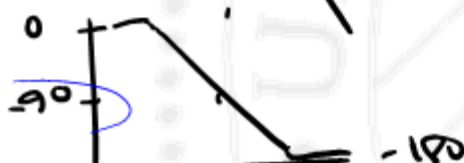
$$KG = \frac{k_0}{s(s+1)^2}$$



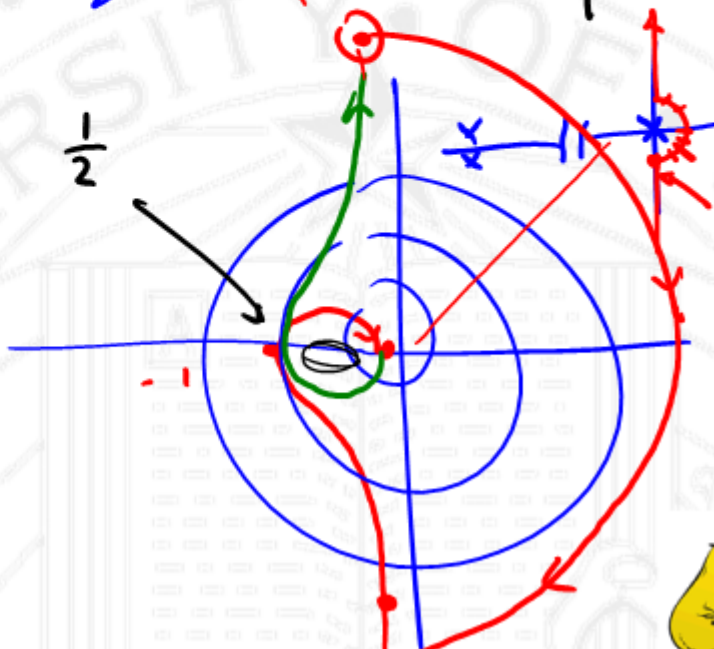
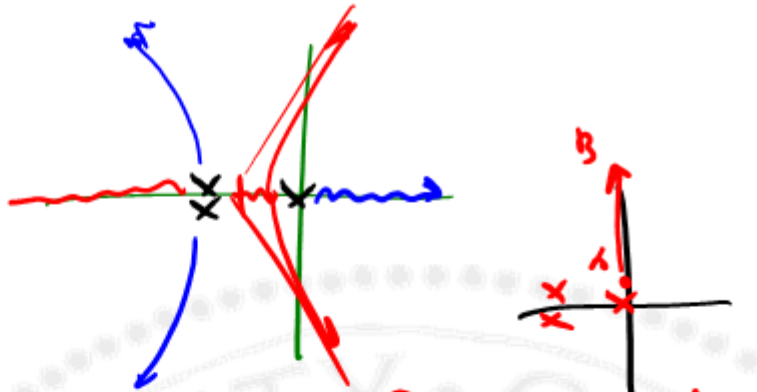
-90

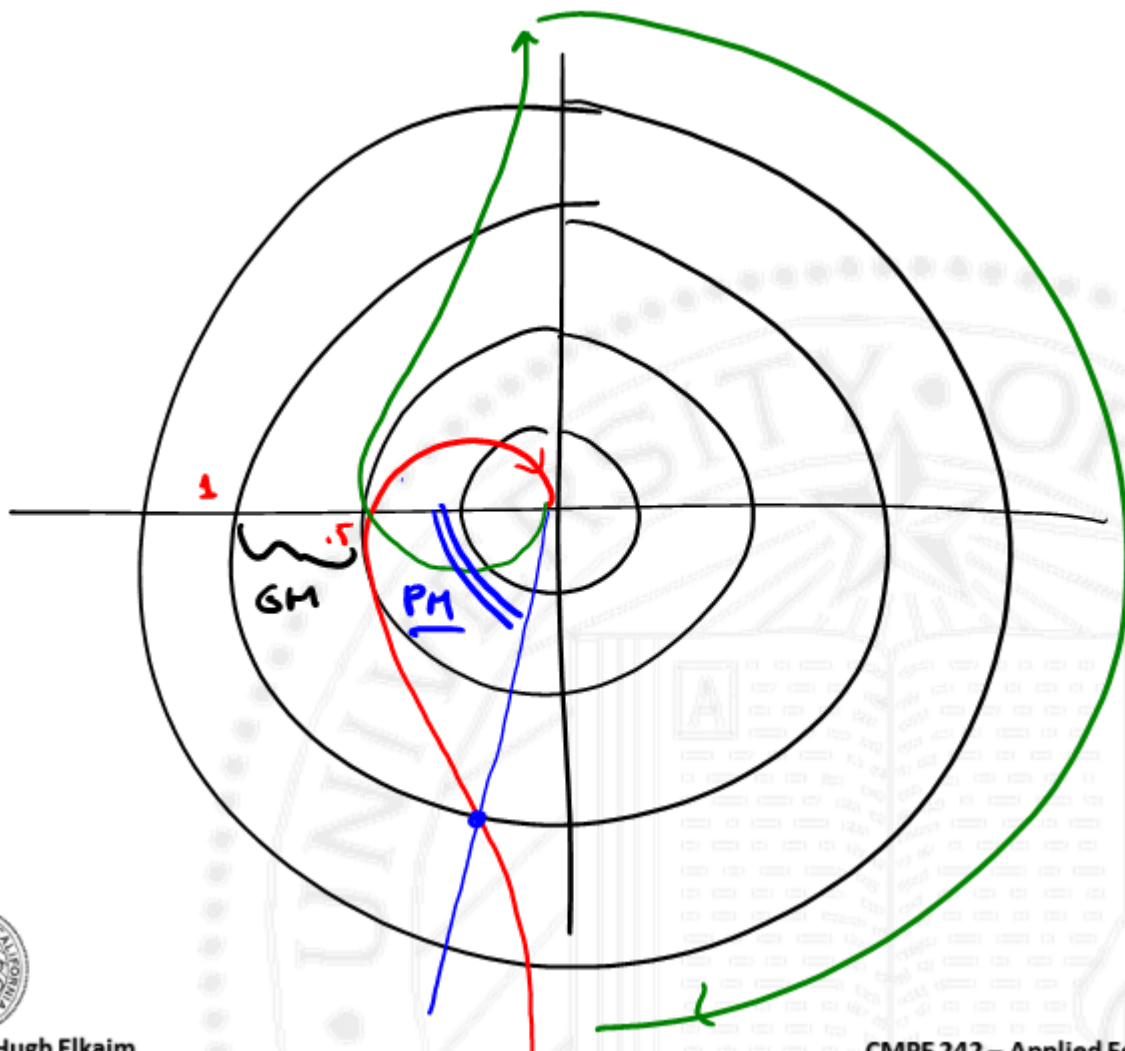


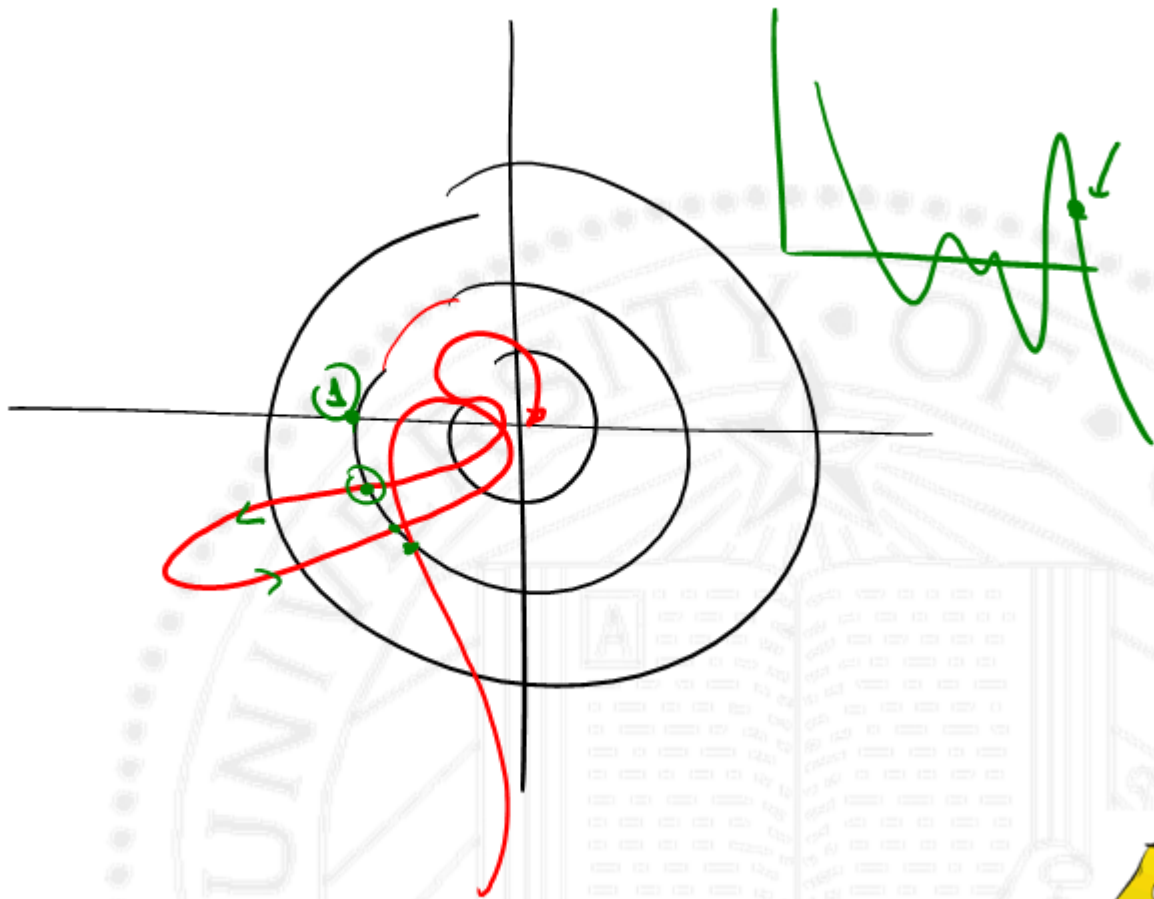
$\frac{1}{(s+1)^2}$



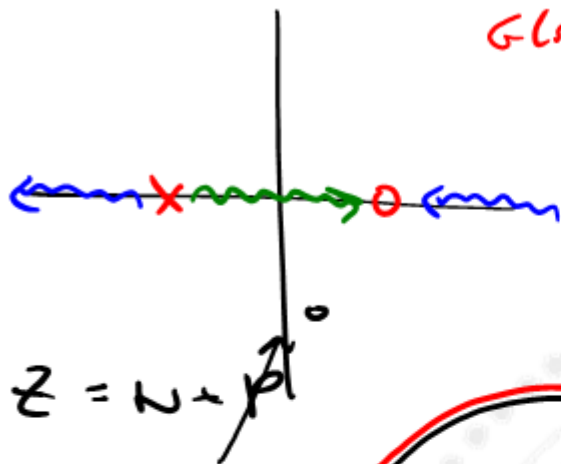
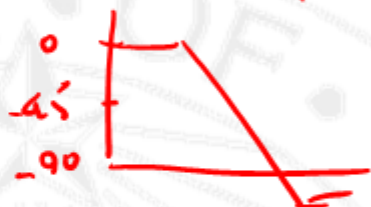
$k > 2$



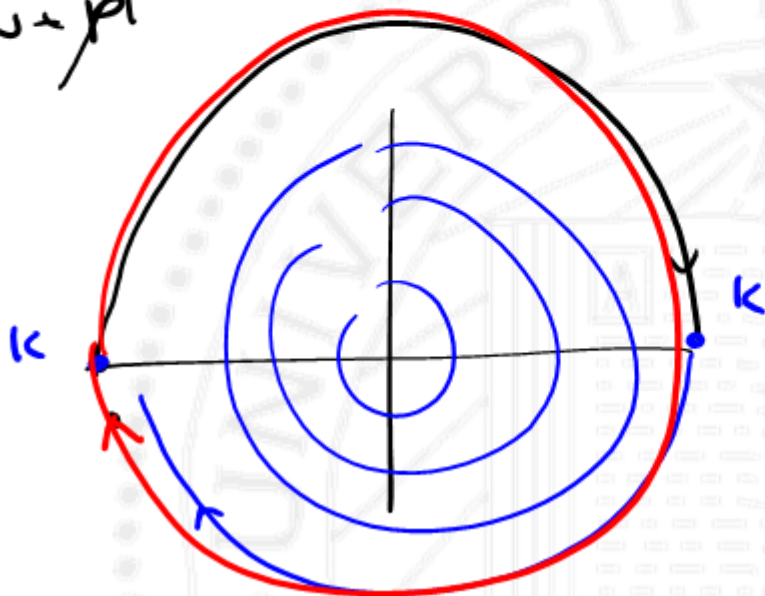




$$G(s) = \frac{s-a}{s+a}$$



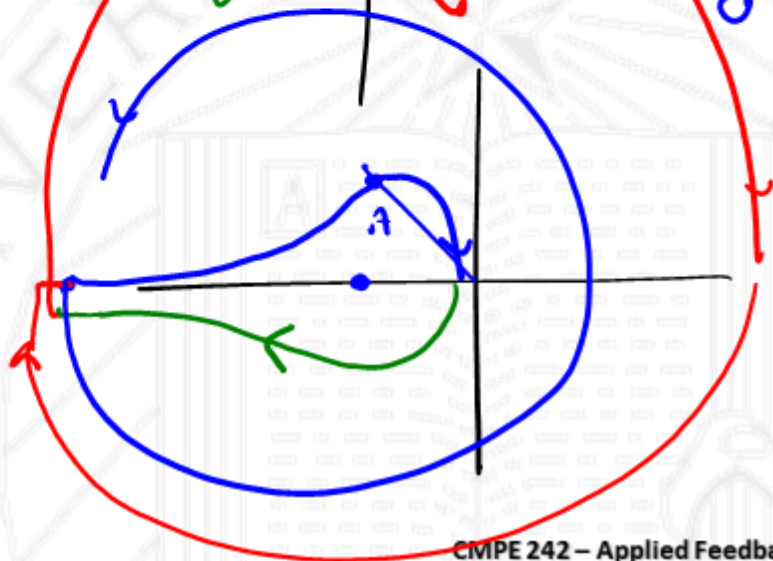
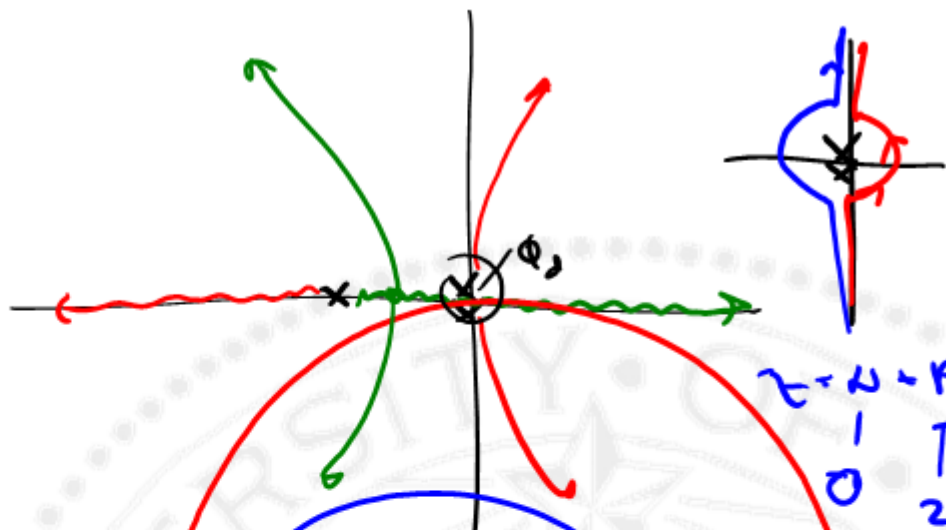
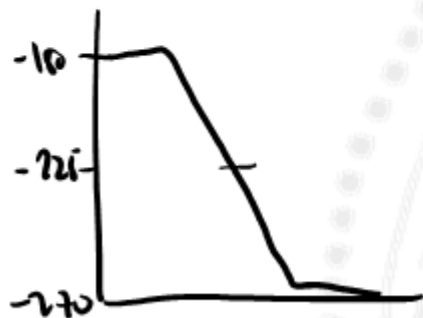
$$z = \sigma + j\omega$$



$\forall |k| < 1$
system is stable



$$G(s) = \frac{1}{s^2(s+1)}$$

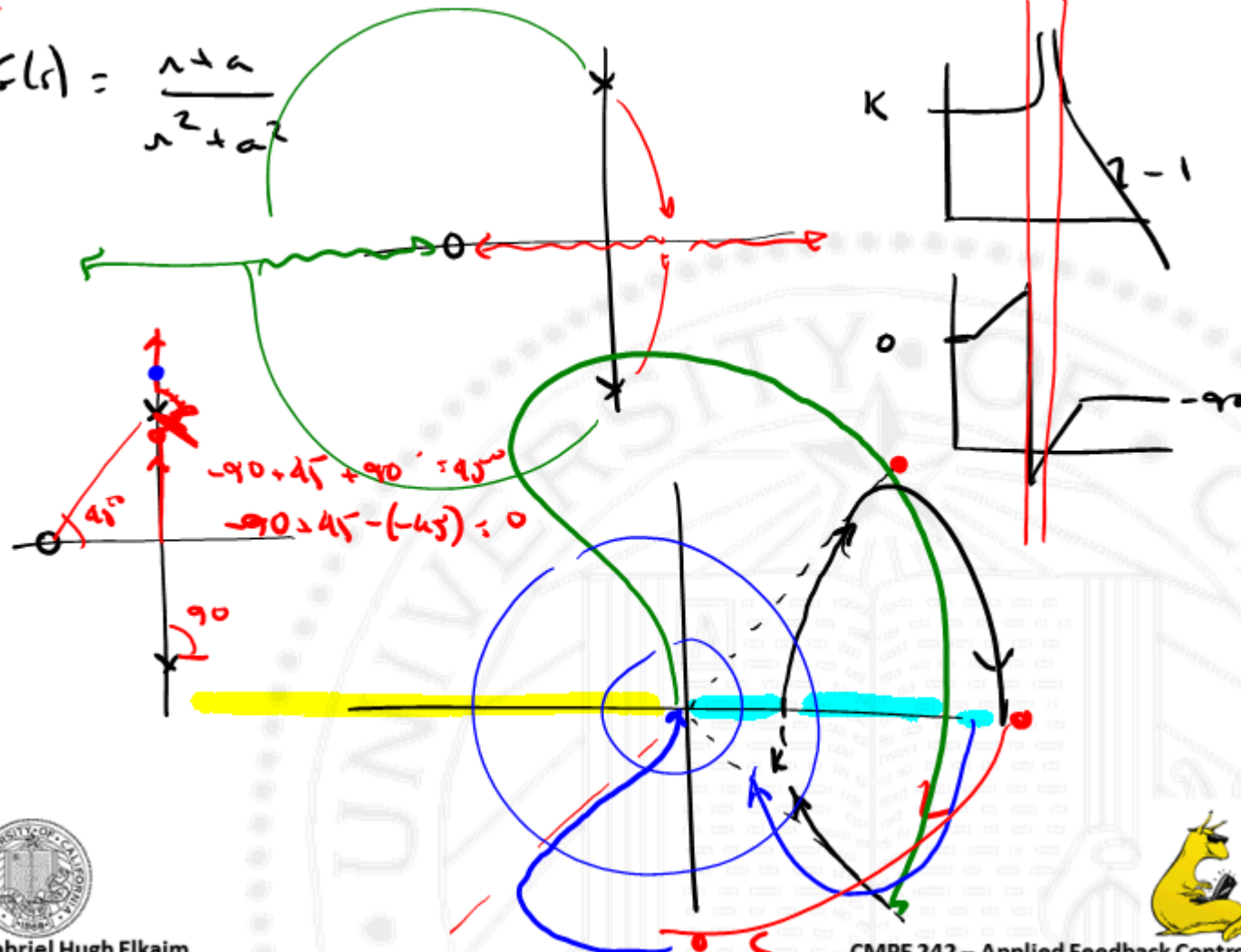


$$Z = N - P$$

$$0 = 1 - 2$$



$$G(s) = \frac{s+a}{s^2+a^2}$$





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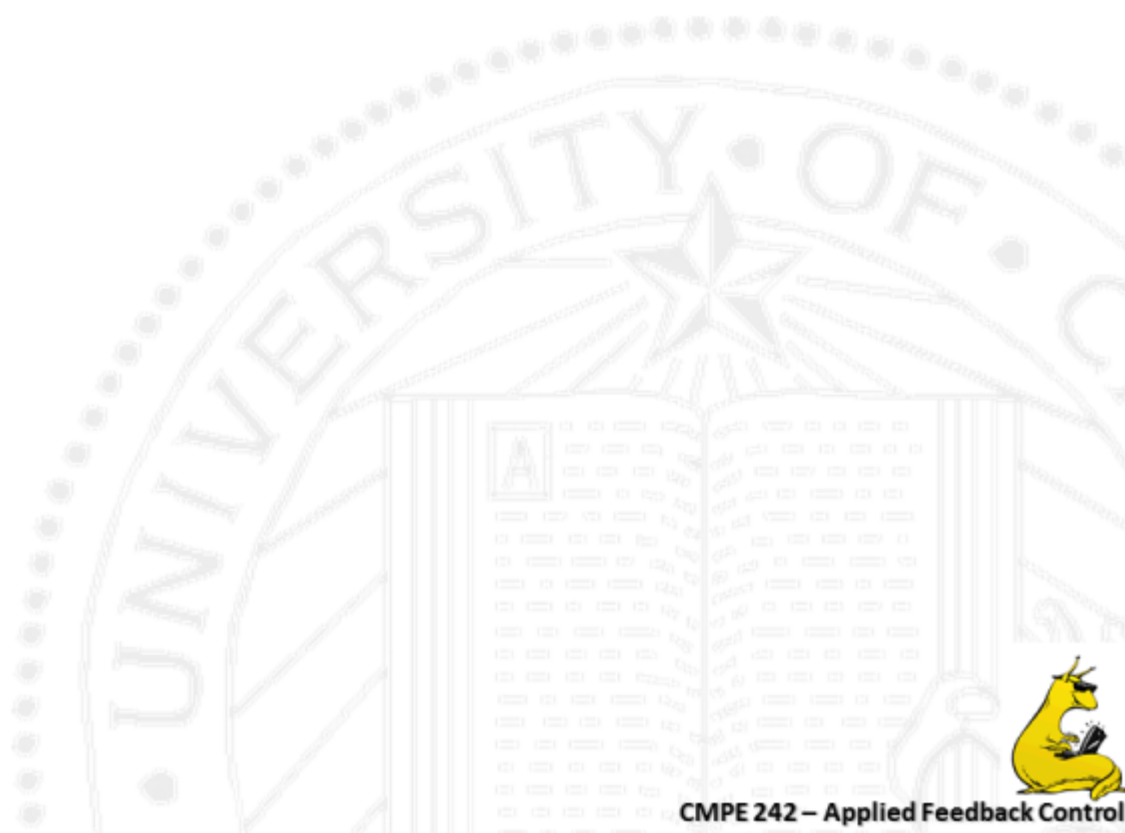
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