

CMPE-242

Applied Feedback Control

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Winter 2016



Middle - end of next week ~ Feb. 14th
 ↑ ↑ ↑

3 how I like home

Formula sheet

$$\frac{s+3}{s(s+2)^2}$$

↑ ↑

$$\frac{s+3}{s^3 + \dots}$$

$$s_{ys} = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left(\mathcal{L} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, \text{conv} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \right. \right. \right)$$

abs() ||
 angle() *

$$\left. \text{conv} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \right) \right)$$

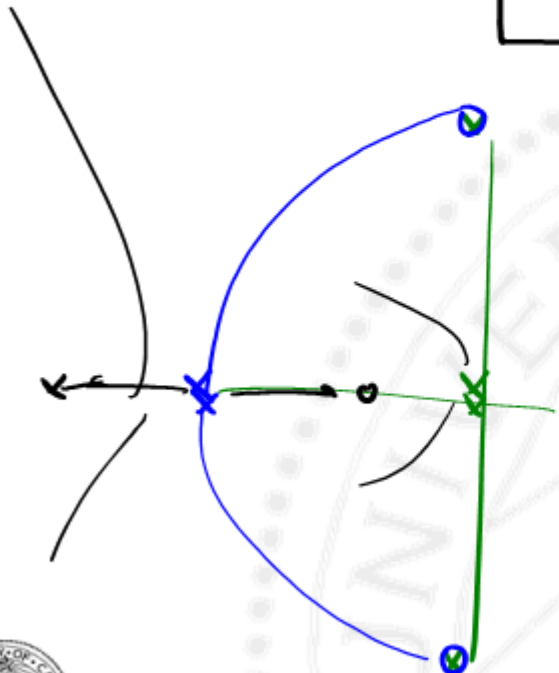
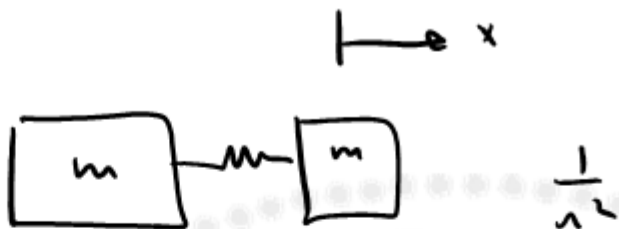
evalfr (sys, w) → G(jw)

PZmap

damp - wn }



#3, 4, 5



Prnt 3

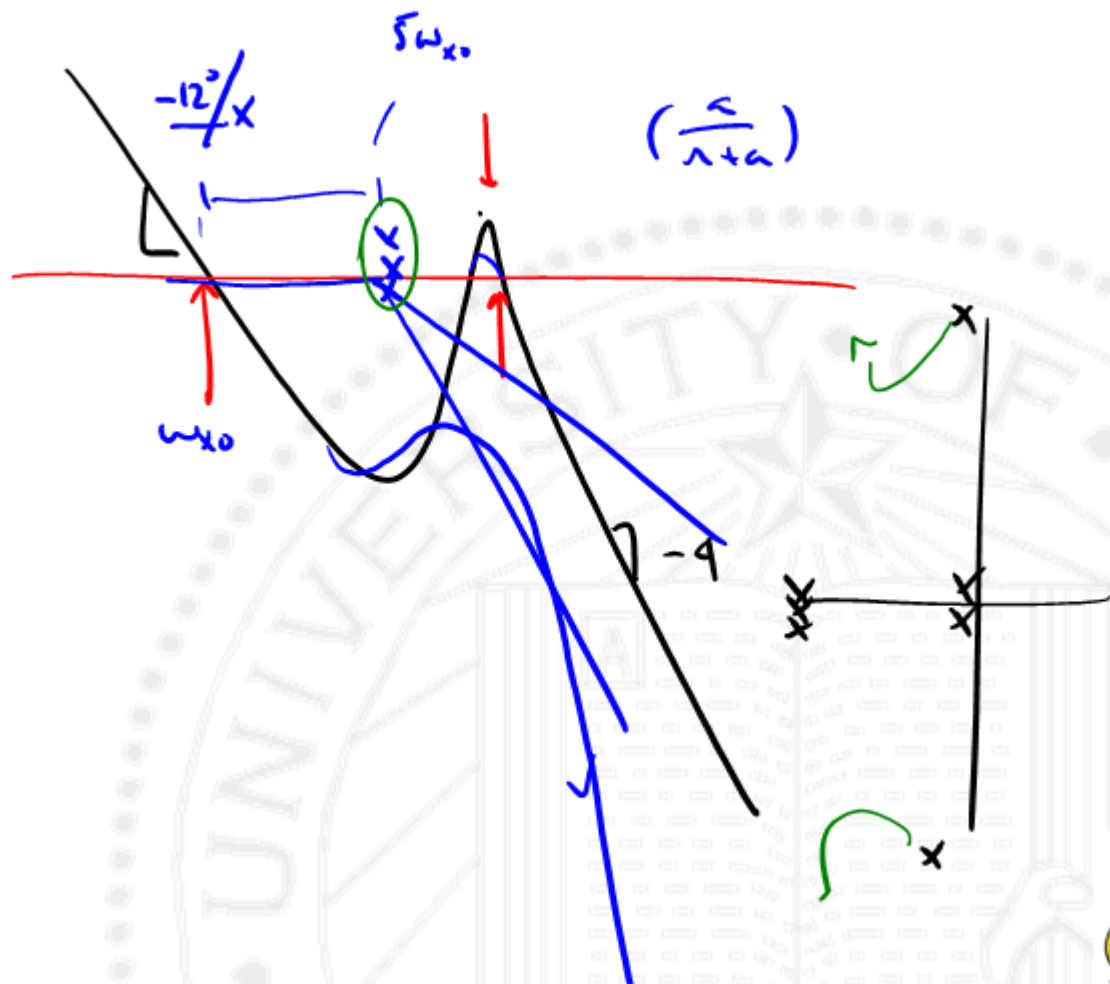
$$\left| \frac{GK}{1+GK} \right| \rightarrow \text{Feedback}$$

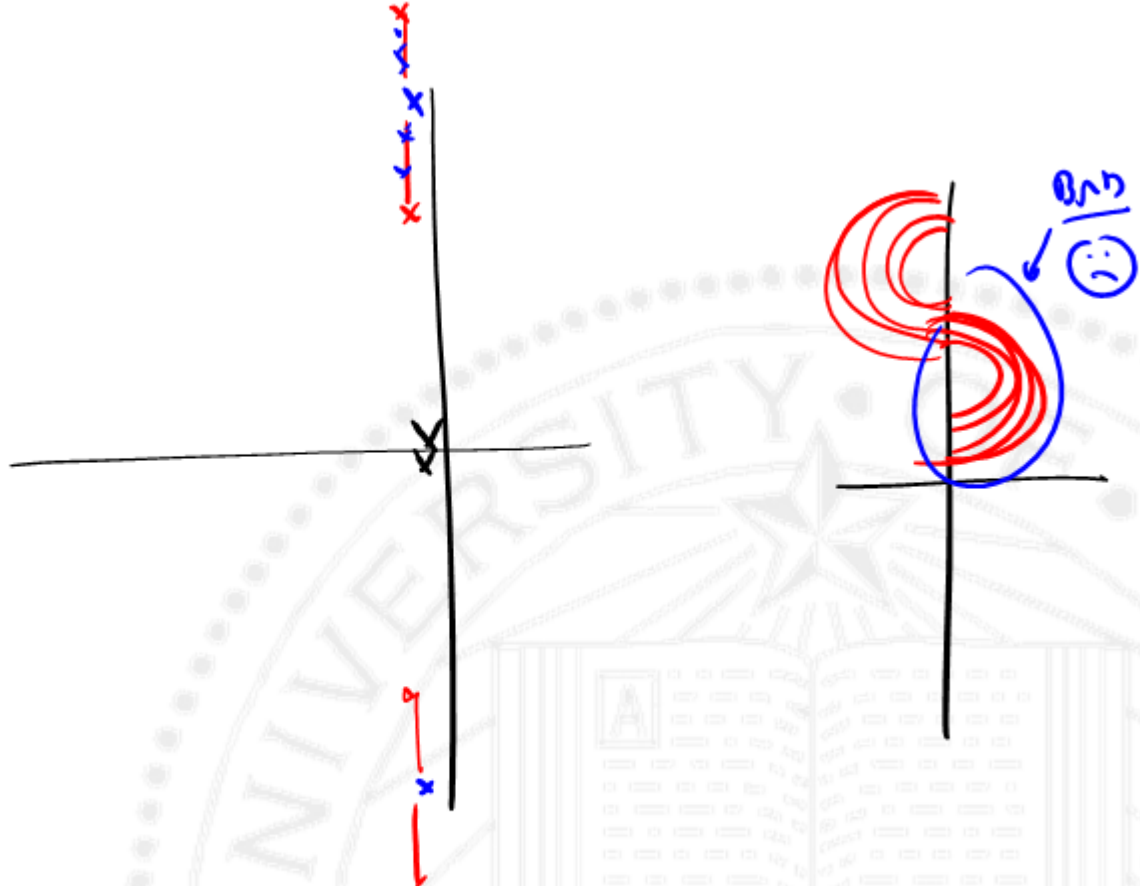
$$\text{Feedback } (K \neq G, 1)$$
$$\uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow$$

step (G=1)



119



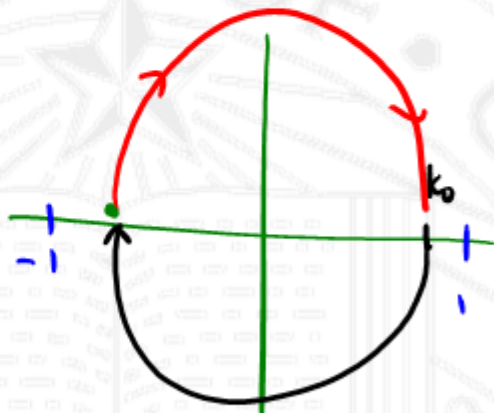
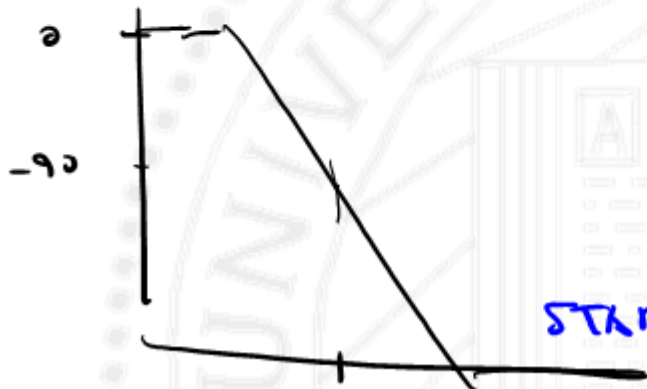
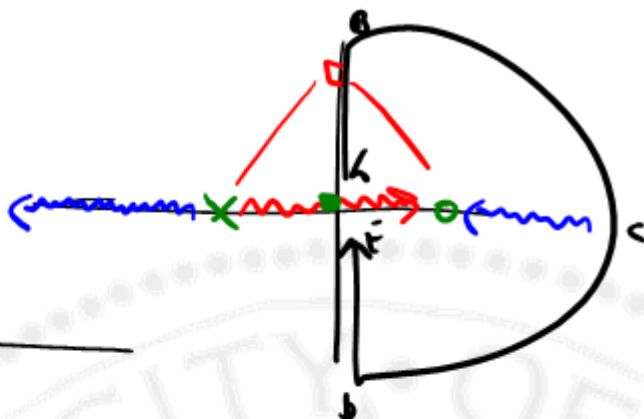


5





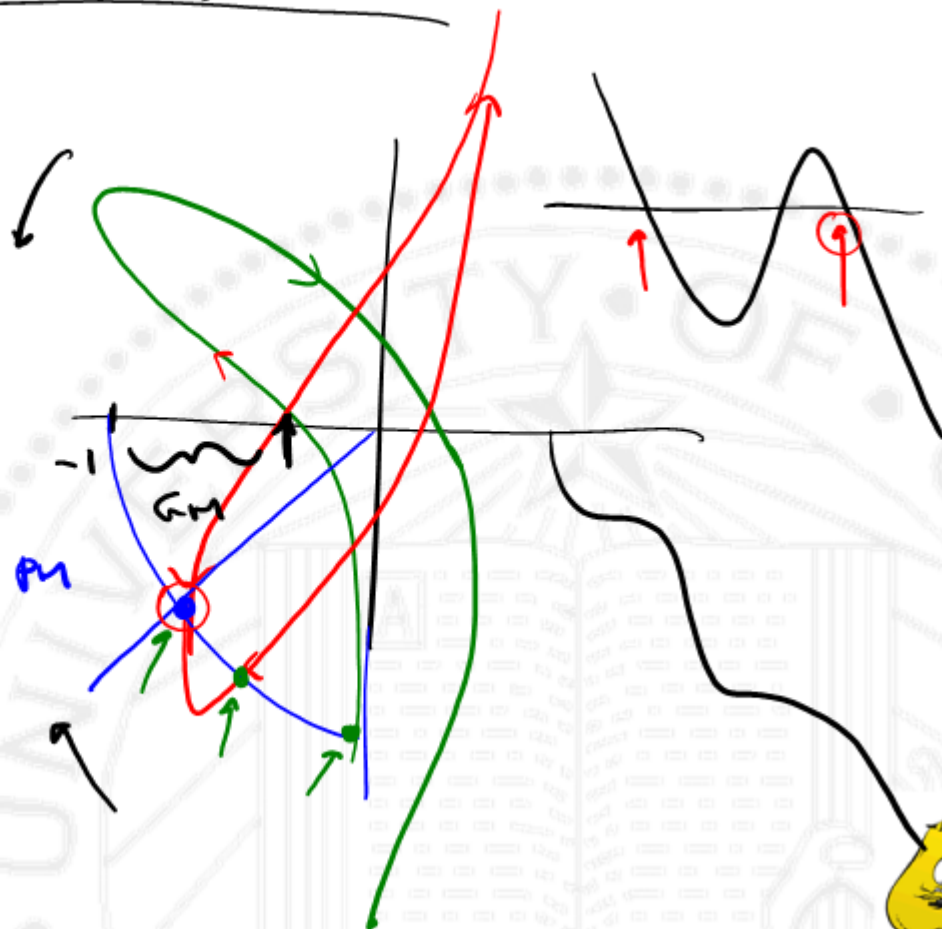
$$K_b \frac{s-a}{s+a}$$



STARTS w/ $|k| < 1$.

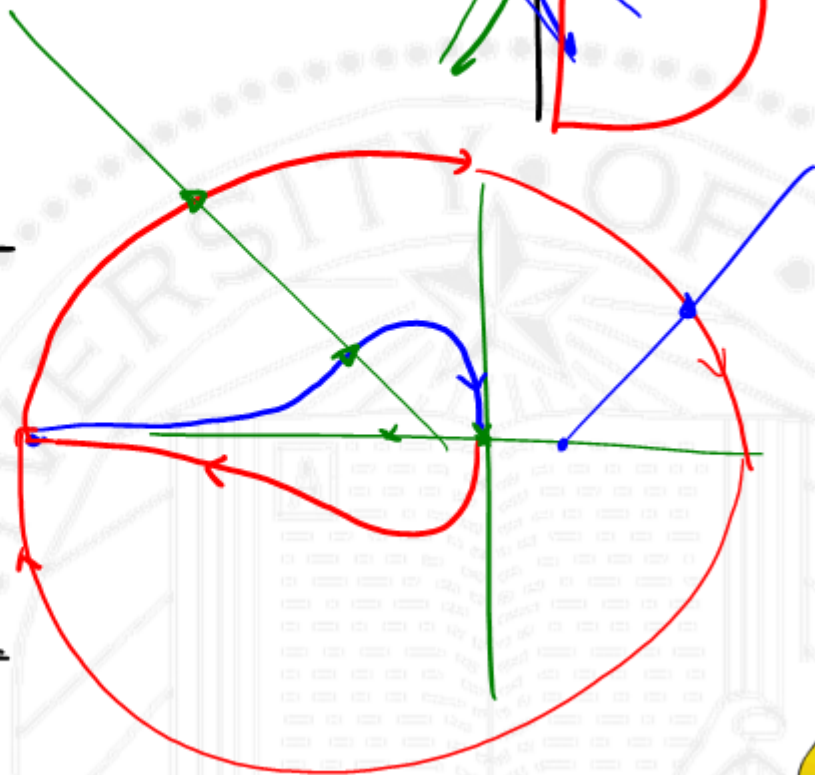
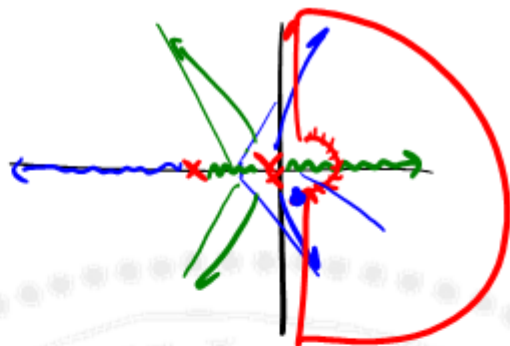
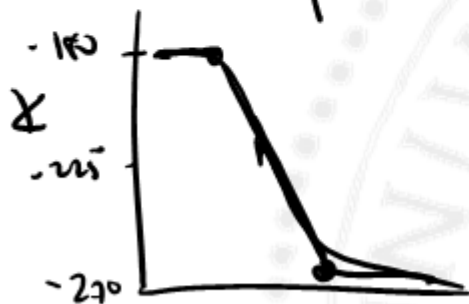
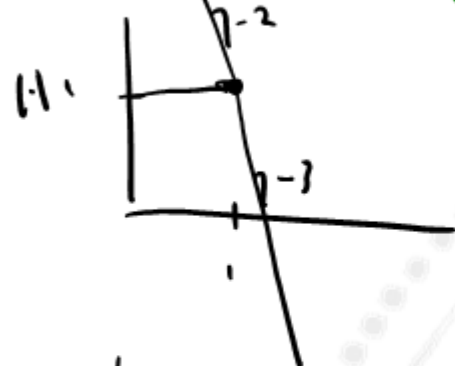


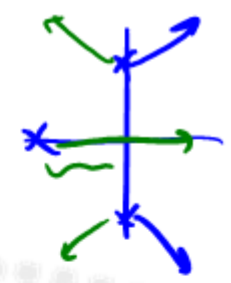
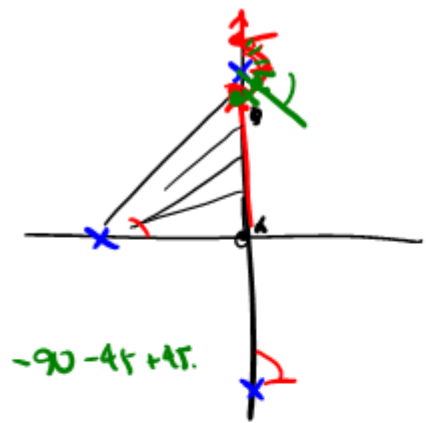
Gain margin & phase margin



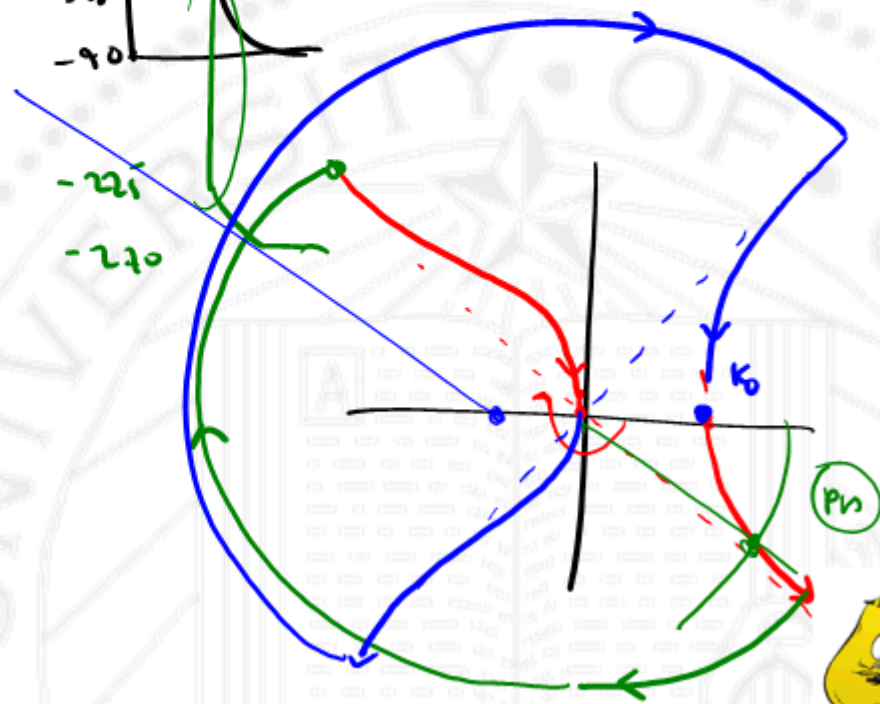


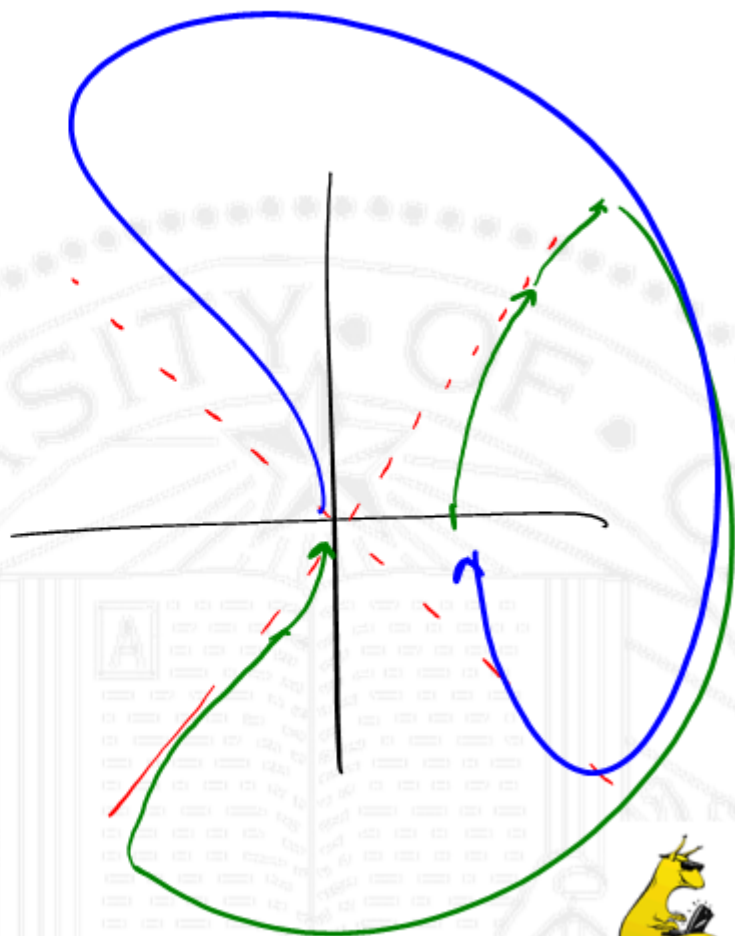
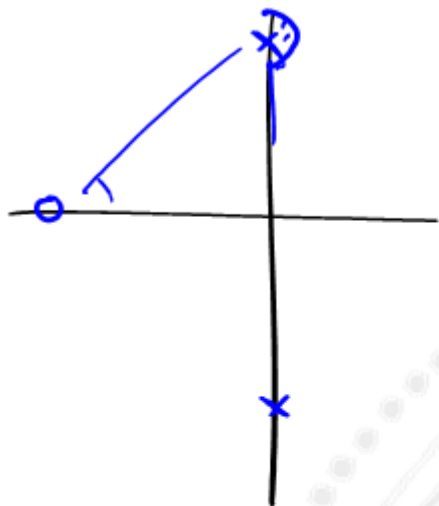
$$\frac{K_0}{s^2(s+1)}$$





K

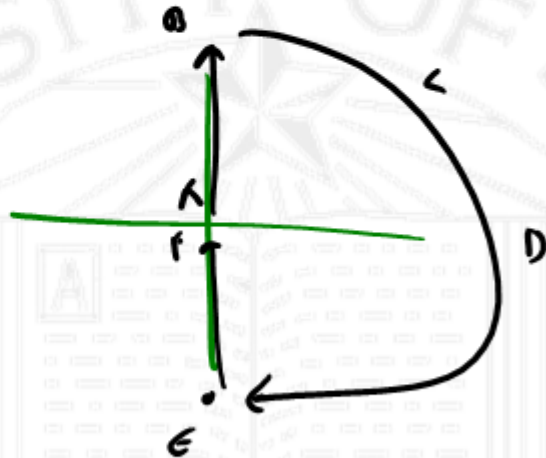
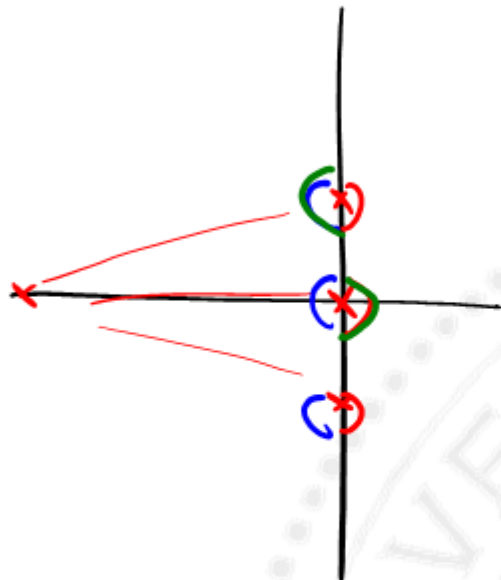




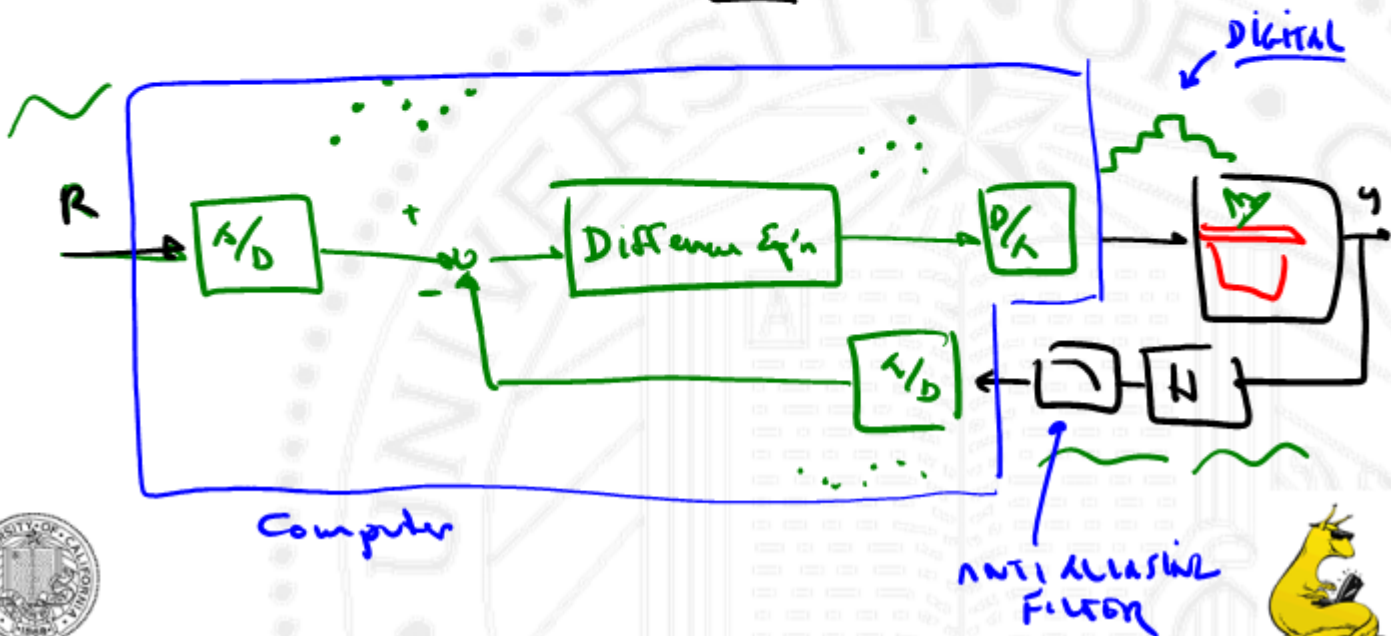
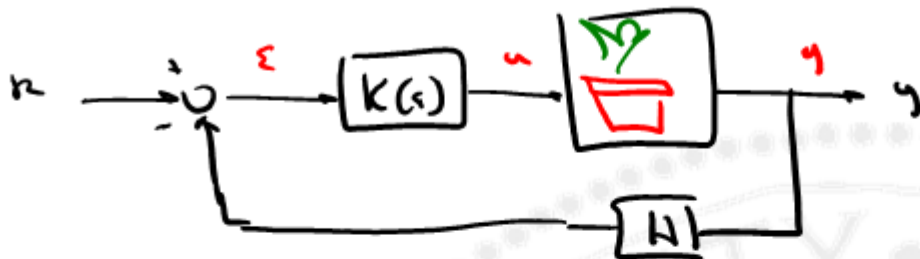
$$Z = N + P$$

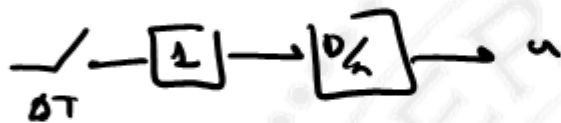
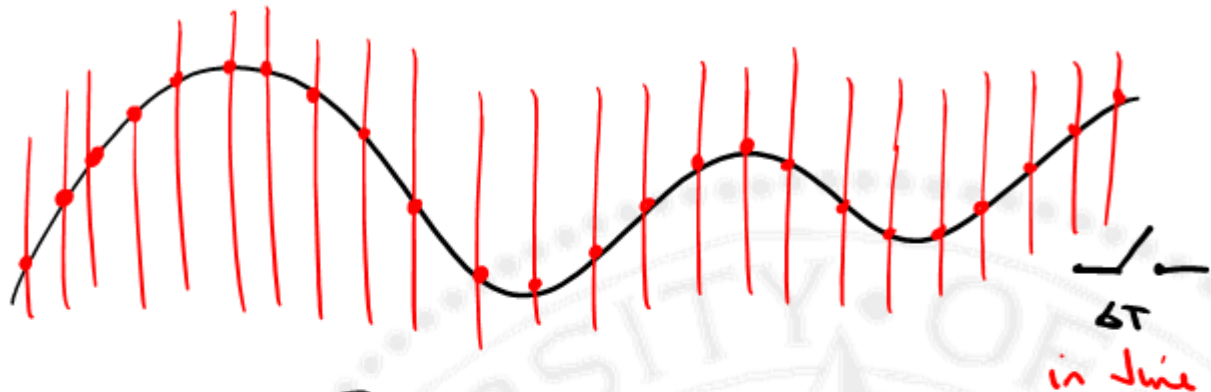
\uparrow \uparrow
 N $P = 0$

$$P = 3$$



DIGITAL CONTROL - FPN ch. 8



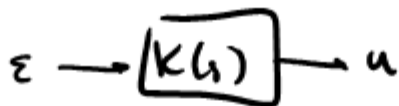


ZOH - zero order hold

First order hold



$$K(s) = \frac{K}{s+a}$$



$$\frac{U(s)}{\epsilon} = \frac{K}{s+a}$$

$$u(s+a) = K\epsilon$$

$$\dot{u} + au = K\epsilon$$

$$\frac{u_k - u_{k-1}}{\Delta T} + au_k = K\epsilon_k$$

$$u_k - u_{k-1} + a\Delta T u_k = K\Delta T \epsilon_k$$

$$[1 + a\Delta T] u_k = K\Delta T \epsilon_k + u_{k-1}$$

$$u_k = \left[\frac{K\Delta T}{1 + a\Delta T} \right] \epsilon_k + \left[\frac{1}{1 + a\Delta T} \right] u_{k-1}$$





$$\underline{\text{Init } u_{k-1} = \phi}$$

Read R_k

Read Y_k

$$\text{Form } \epsilon_k = R_k - Y_k$$

$$u_k = \frac{1}{1+a\Delta T} \cdot u_{k-1} + \frac{k\Delta T}{1+a\Delta T} \epsilon_k \quad (\text{calc})$$

with u_k

$$u_{k-1} = u_k$$



Why go digital?

(1) Easy to change (NOT)

(2) Logic — "if-then-else"

$K(s) \sim 10\%$

(3) Non-linearity

(4) Cheap — already have microcontroller

(if you do not account for debugging time)

(5) Replicable

(6) Adaptable

(7) Performance/Speed (NOT it)

DOES NOT DRIFT IN TIME/TEMP.

