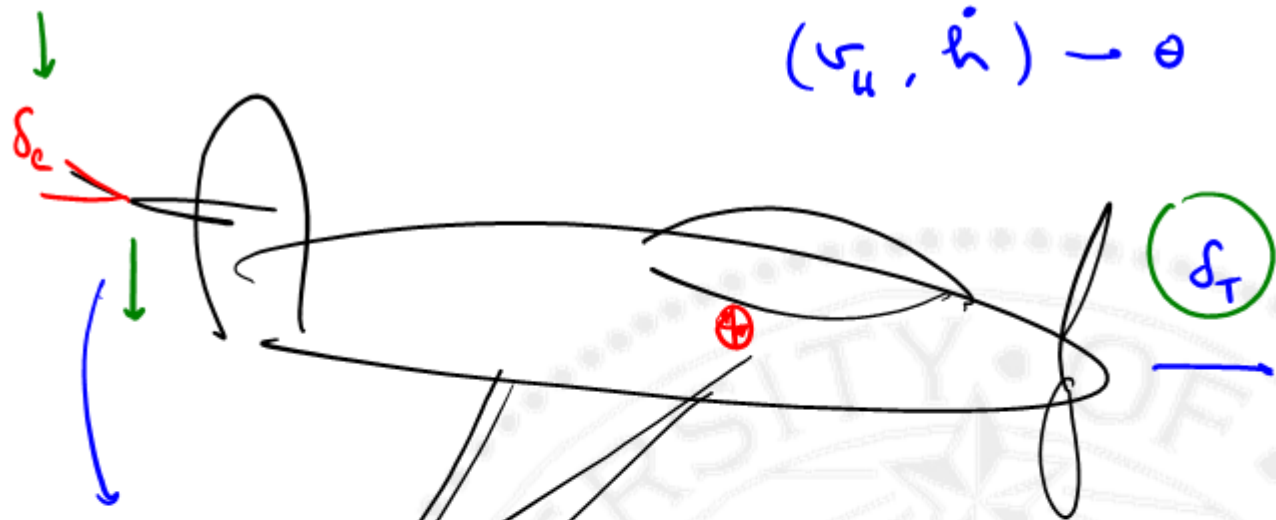


CMPE-242

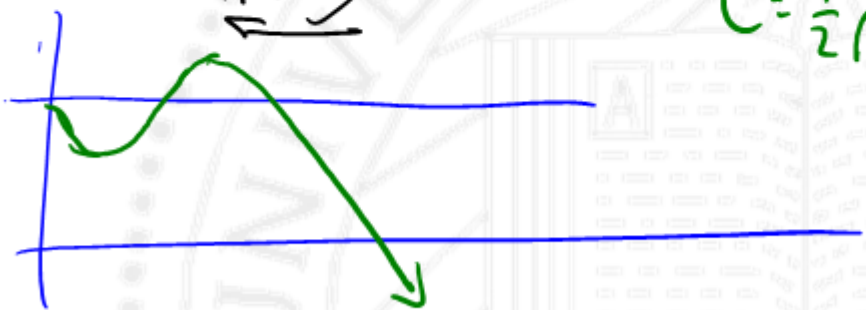
Applied Feedback Control

Gabriel Hugh Elkaim
Winter 2016





$$L = \frac{1}{2} \rho v^2 c_l$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} + \\ \uparrow \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \uparrow \\ \uparrow \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_e \\ d_T \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_k, B_{se}$$

R



$$C_k, B_{sr}$$

R



STATE SPACE CONTROL

↔ regular design ($r = p$)

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$u = -Kx$$

$$y = Cx + Du$$



"FULL STATE FEEDBACK"

Choose K to put poles in desirable locations

"achieve" / "place"

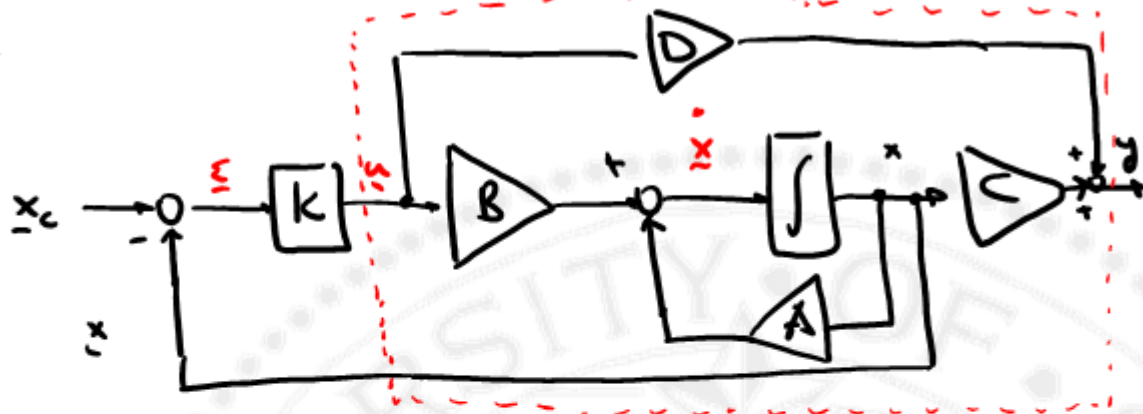
- Check rank of $\mathcal{C} \triangleq [0 \quad AB \quad A^2B \quad \dots \quad A^{n-1}B]$
cond (\mathcal{C})

- MUST NEED KA STABLE.



$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu \quad u = -k(x - x_c) \quad u = k(x_c - x)$$

$$y = Cx + Du$$



if I have \underline{x} , and C is full rank, I have very good control.

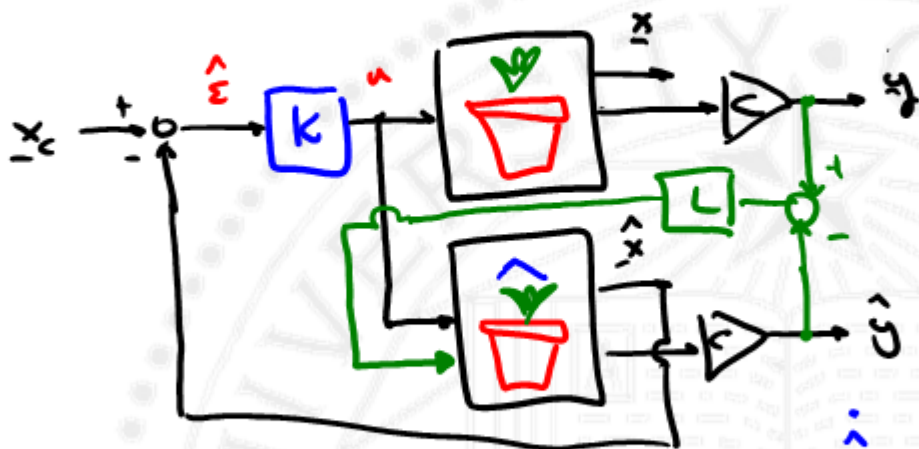
what if, I don't have \underline{x} ?





$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu \quad u = -k(x - x_c)$$

$$y = Cx + Du$$



$$u = -k(\hat{x} - x_c)$$

$$\dot{\hat{x}} = A\hat{x} + Bu$$

$$\hat{y} = C\hat{x} + Du$$



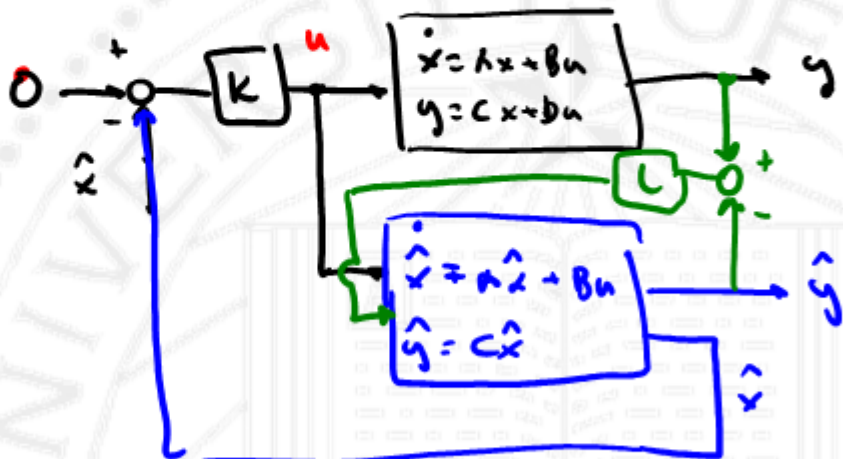
$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$y = Cx$$

$$u = -k \hat{x}$$

$$\dot{\hat{x}} = A\hat{x} + Bu + L(y - \hat{y})$$

$$\hat{y} = C\hat{x}$$



$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu \quad u = -K\hat{x}$$

↑ control gain

$$y = Cx$$

$$\tilde{x} \triangleq x - \hat{x}$$

$$\dot{\tilde{x}} = \dot{x} - \dot{\hat{x}}$$

$$\dot{\hat{x}} = A\hat{x} + Bu + L(y - \hat{y})$$

↓ estimator gain

$$\dot{\hat{x}} = \underbrace{(A - BK)}_{\text{stable}} \hat{x} + L(y - \hat{y})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{\tilde{x}} &= \dot{x} - \dot{\hat{x}} = A\cancel{x} + B\cancel{u} - A\hat{x} - B\cancel{u} - L(y - \hat{y}) \\ &= A\tilde{x} - Ly + L\hat{y} = A\tilde{x} - LCx + LC\hat{x} \\ &= A\tilde{x} - LC(\underbrace{x - \hat{x}}_{\tilde{x}}) = \underbrace{(A - LC)}_{\text{stable}} \tilde{x} \end{aligned}$$



For using estimator

desired poles.

$(A-BK)$ control gain

$K = \text{place}(A, B, P_{des})$

$$\begin{bmatrix} | \\ B \\ | \end{bmatrix} K$$

$(A-LC)$ estimator

$L^T = \text{place}(A^T, C^T, P_{des})$

desired poles
↓

$$\begin{bmatrix} | \\ C \\ | \end{bmatrix} L^T$$

5-10x faster than control

$A^T - C^T L^T$ "dual" $A - BK$



For control:

$$\mathcal{C} \triangleq [B \quad AB \quad A^2B \quad \dots \quad A^{n-1}B]$$

full rank controllable
 $\text{cond}(\mathcal{C})$

$$\mathcal{O}_{\text{dyn}} = [C^T \quad A^T C^T \quad (A^2)^T C^T \quad \dots \quad (A^{n-1})^T C^T]$$

observ(n,c)

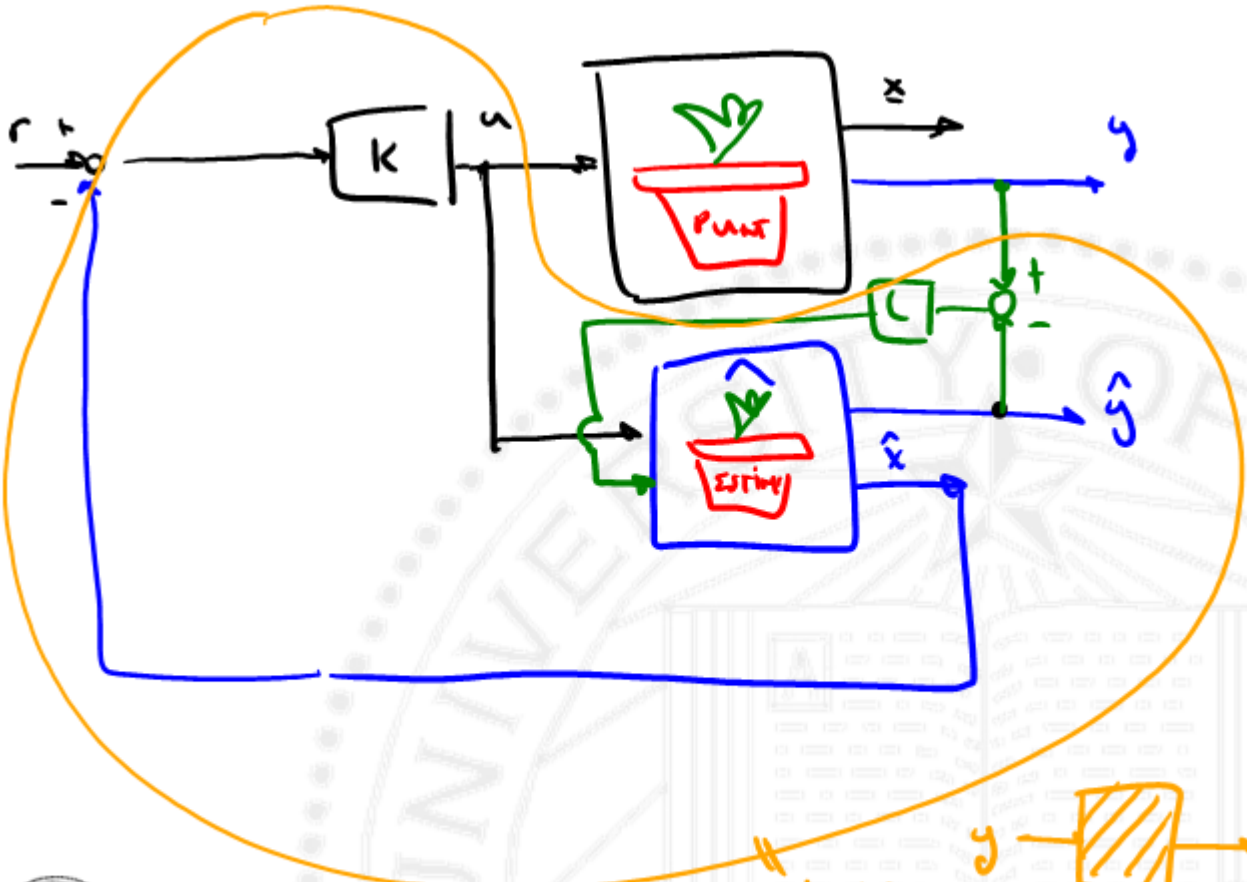
$$\mathcal{O} \triangleq \begin{bmatrix} C \\ AC \\ A^2C \\ \vdots \\ A^{n-1}C \end{bmatrix}$$

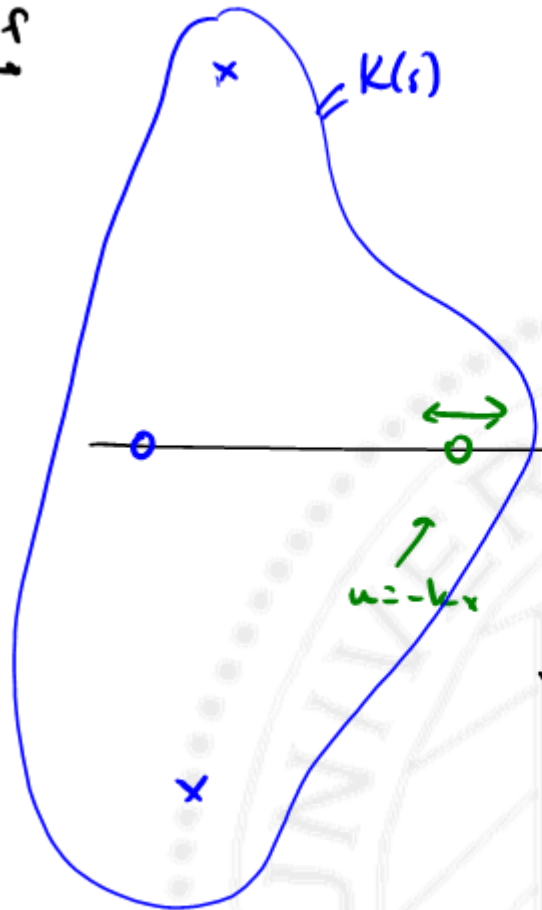
observability matrix

full rank "observable"

$\text{cond}(\mathcal{O})$







$$u \rightarrow \underline{2n}$$



$$\dot{\hat{x}} = A\hat{x} + Bu + L(y - \hat{y})$$

$$u = -K\hat{x}$$

$$\hat{y} = C\hat{x}$$

$$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{l} \dot{\hat{x}} = \underbrace{(A - BK - LC)}_{\tilde{A}} \hat{x} + \underbrace{Ly}_{\text{input}} \\ u = -K\hat{x} \end{array} \right]$$

output

$$\frac{C}{K(s)} = -K \left(sI - A + BK + LC \right)^{-1} L$$



$u = -Kx$ place poles $\in P_c$ (choose k).

L - place poles $\in P_e$

$$\hat{x} \triangleq x - \tilde{x}$$

$$\tilde{x} = x - \hat{x}$$

$$\dot{\tilde{x}} = (A - LC)\tilde{x}$$

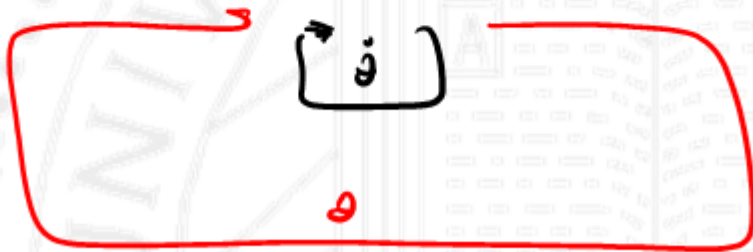
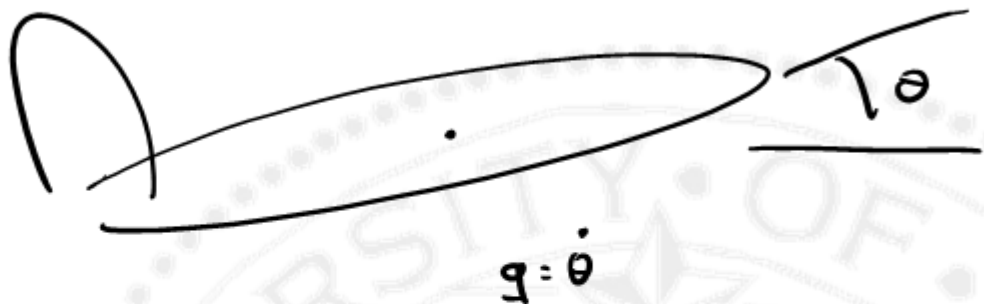
$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= Ax - BK\hat{x} = Ax - BK(x - \tilde{x}) \\ &= (A - BK)x + BK\tilde{x}\end{aligned}$$

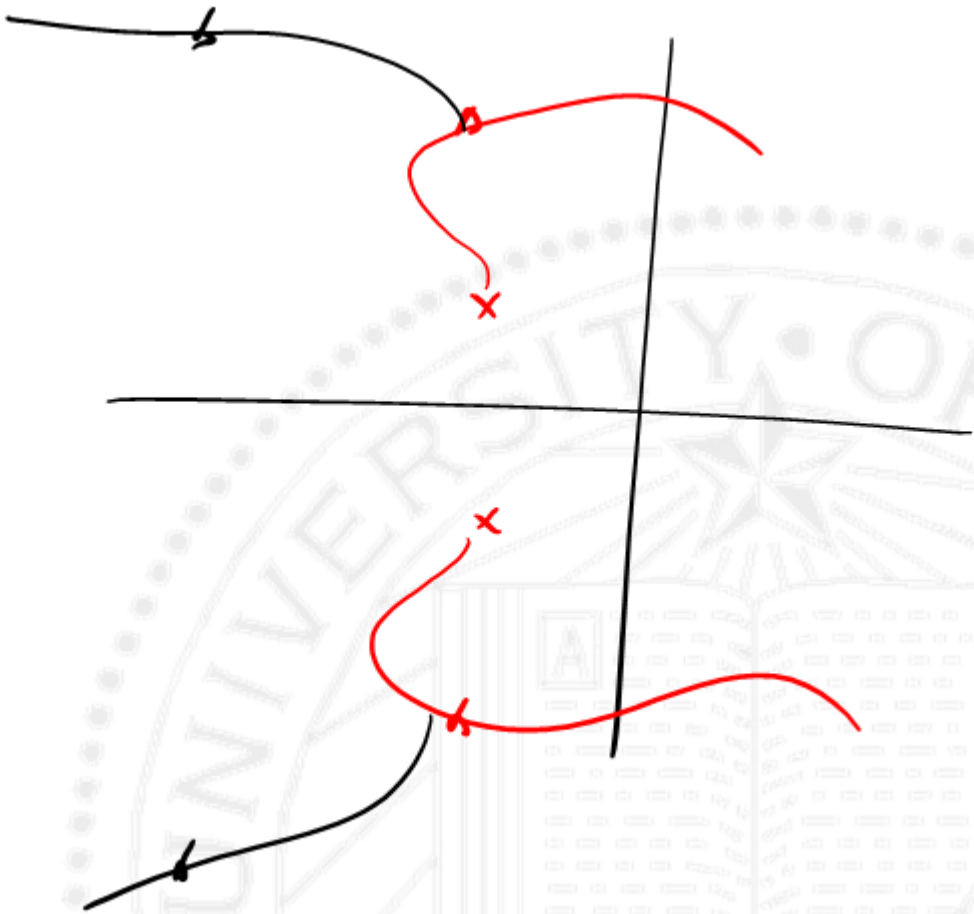
$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \vdots \\ \dot{\tilde{x}} \\ \tilde{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A - BK & BK \\ 0 & A - LC \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \vdots \\ \tilde{x} \end{bmatrix}$$

"Separation Principle"

$$\det(sI - A) = \det(A - BK) \det(sI - LC)$$



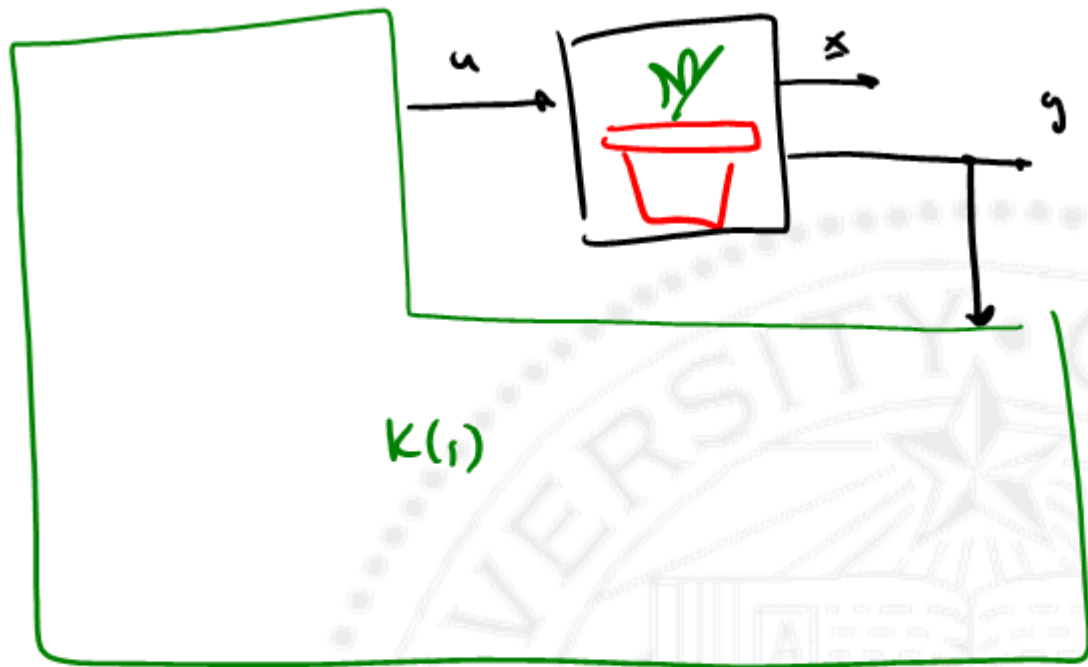


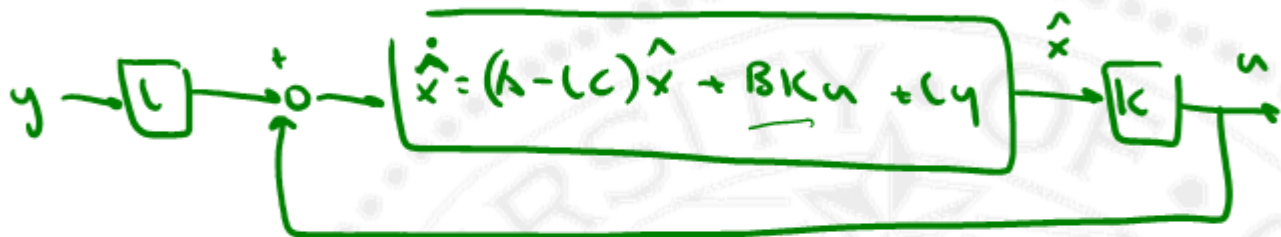
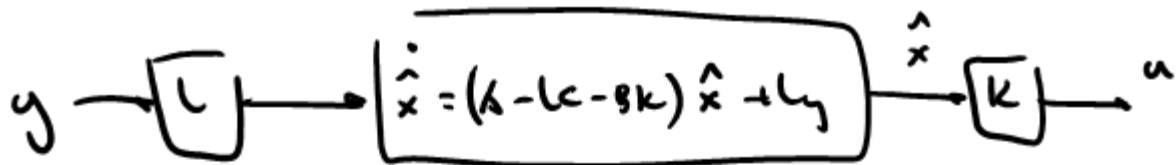


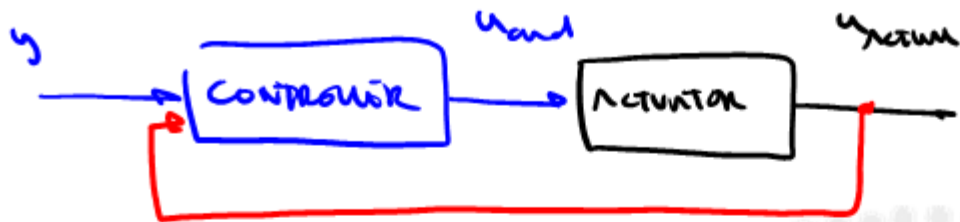
$$\begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} - \underline{u = -kx}$$

use estimator to get $\begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \underline{\dot{\theta}}$









- (1) measure y
- (2) $x_L \rightarrow$ form \hat{x}
- (3) $\dot{\hat{x}} = [matrix] + [\dots] \hat{x} + (u_{actual})$
- (4) $\hat{x}^+ = \hat{x}^- + \dot{\hat{x}} \Delta T \leftarrow$ integrate
- (5) $u_{end}^+ = -K \hat{x}^+$



compute & store offline

don't change.

$$\dot{\hat{x}} = [A - LC] \hat{x} + [B \quad L] \begin{bmatrix} u \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$u = -Kx$ choose K - place (A, B, P_c)
 \otimes full rank

choose L - place (A^T, C^T, P_e)
 \otimes full rank

$$|P_{e,d}| > 5 \times |P_{c,d}|$$



$$G(s) = \frac{y}{u} = \frac{1}{s^2} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 0s + 0}$$

$$\lambda_{dn} = -1 \pm j$$

$$\Delta_d = s^2 + 2s + 2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u \quad \underline{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = (0 \quad 1) \begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ y \end{bmatrix} = (0) u$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{rank}(C) = 2 \quad \text{cond}(C) = 1$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{rank}(D) = 2 \quad \text{cond}(D) = 1$$



$$P_D = -1 \pm j \quad k = \text{place}(A, B, P_{\text{des}}) \Rightarrow k = [2 \ 2]$$

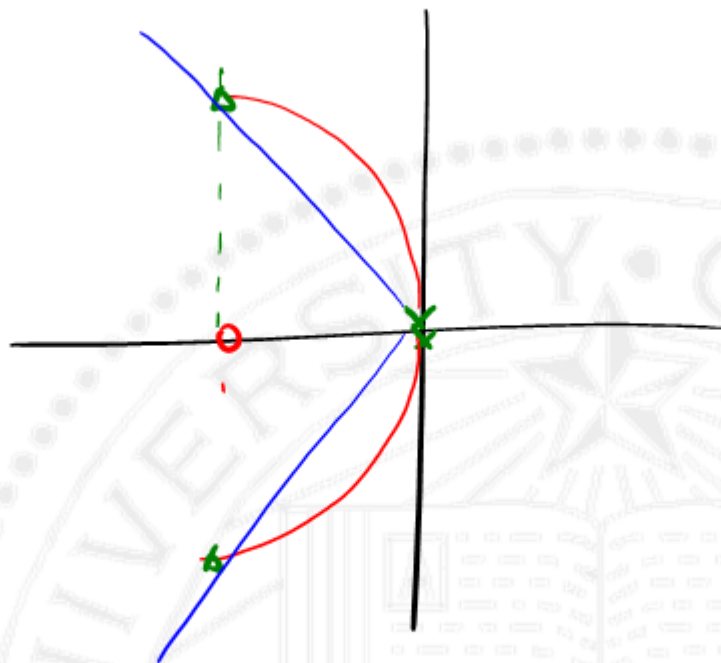
$$(A - BK) = \begin{bmatrix} -k_1 & -k_2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \det(sI - (A - BK)) = \det \begin{pmatrix} s+k_1 & +k_2 \\ -1 & s \end{pmatrix}$$

$$s(s+k_1) + k_2 = 0 \quad s^2 + \boxed{k_1}s + \boxed{k_2} = 0$$
$$s^2 + \boxed{2}s + \boxed{2} = 0$$

$$u = -kx = -[2 \ 2] \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = -2x - 2y = u.$$

$$u = -2(s+1) \quad \text{pure zero}$$





$$P_{dm} = \underline{-10 \pm 10j} \quad L^T = \text{place}(A^T, C^T, P_{dm}) = \begin{bmatrix} 200 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

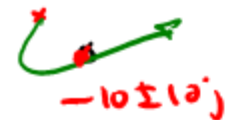
$$\det(\lambda I - (A - LC)) \rightarrow \Delta_{\text{desired}} = \lambda^2 + 20\lambda + 200$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{\hat{x}} &= A\hat{x} + Bu + L(y - \hat{y}) \\ u &= -k\hat{x} \end{aligned} \quad \begin{array}{l} \downarrow C^T \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} \dot{\hat{x}} = (A - BK - LC)\hat{x} + Ly \\ u = -k\hat{x} \end{array} \right\} \end{array}$$

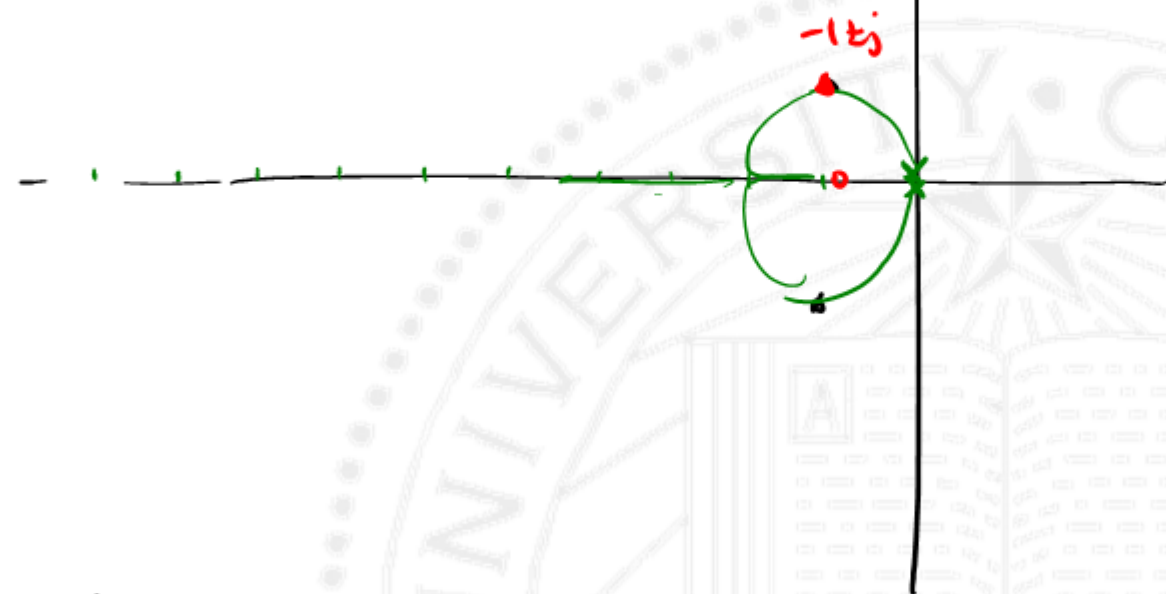
$$K(s) = -k [\lambda I - (A - BK - LC)]^{-1} L$$

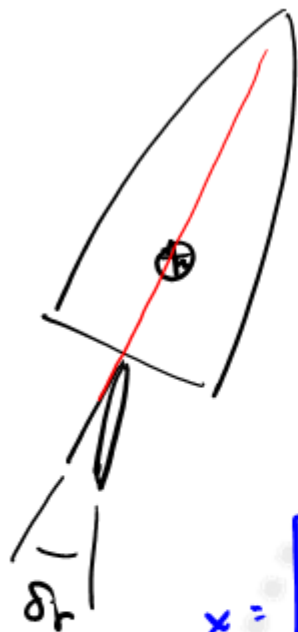
$$K(s) = \frac{440(\lambda + 0.91)}{\lambda^2 + 22\lambda + 212}$$





$$DC_{y_{\text{min}}} = \frac{(190)(.91)}{292} \approx 2.$$

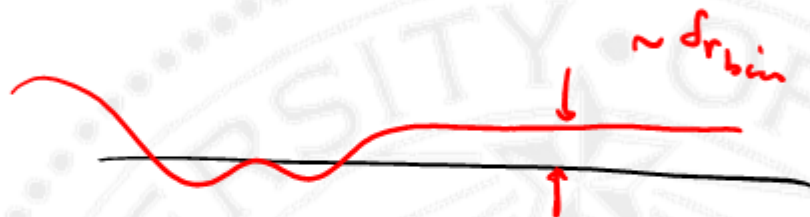




$$\delta r_{\text{TRUE}} = \delta r_{\text{meas}} + \underline{\text{bias}}$$

~~$$u = -k \delta \dot{r}$$~~

$$u = -k \delta \dot{r} + k \underline{b_r}$$



$$x = \begin{bmatrix} \delta r \\ \delta \dot{r} \\ \vdots \\ b_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ \hline 0 & -1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\delta r = \frac{\delta r_{\text{meas}} - b_r}{\lambda}$$

o full rank.

