

CMPE-242

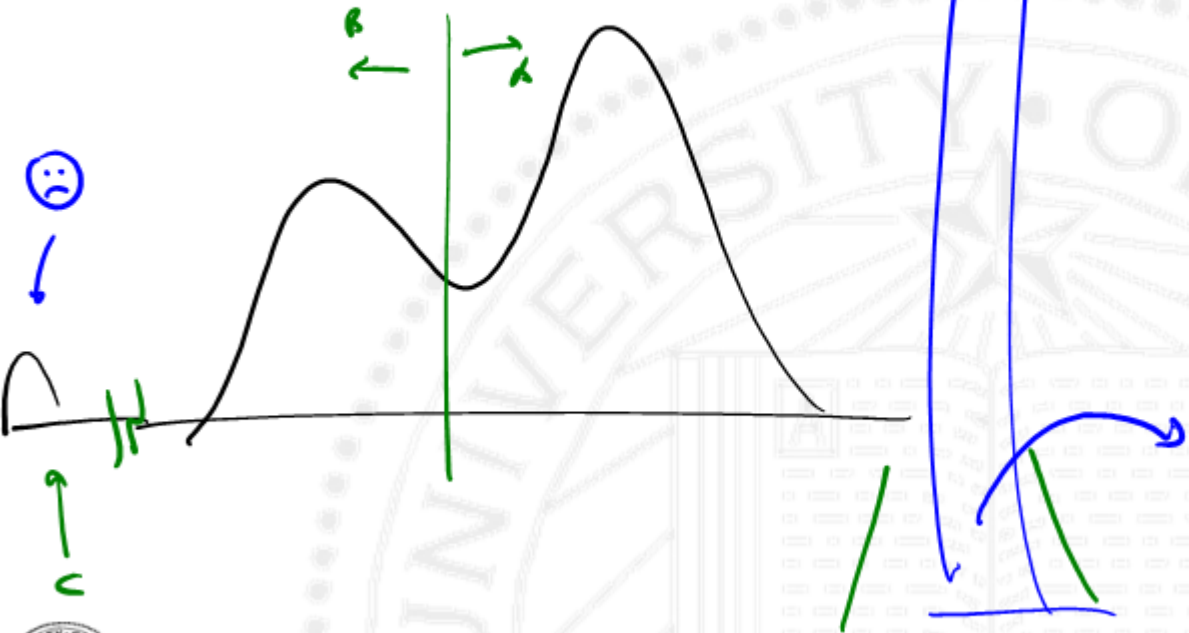
Applied Feedback Control

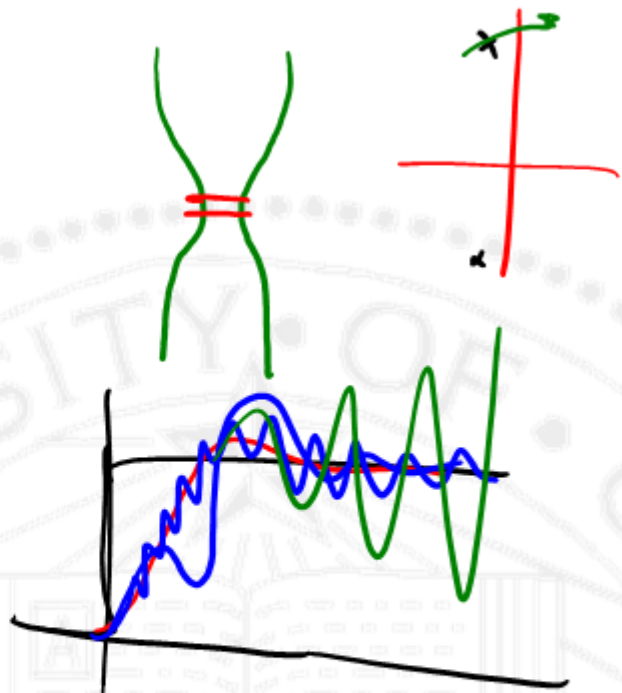
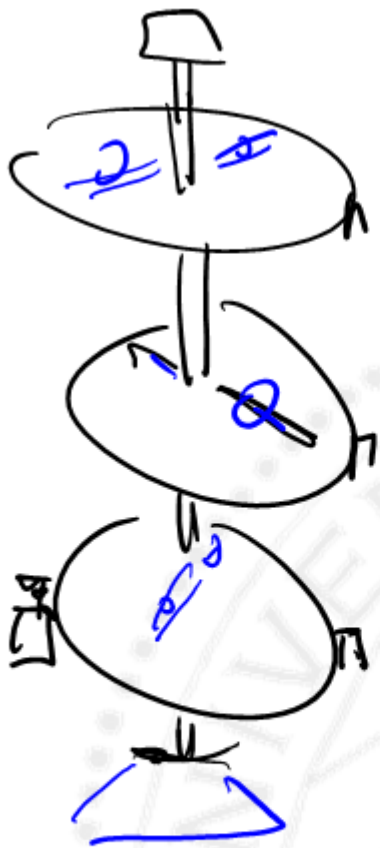
Gabriel Hugh Elkaim
Winter 2016

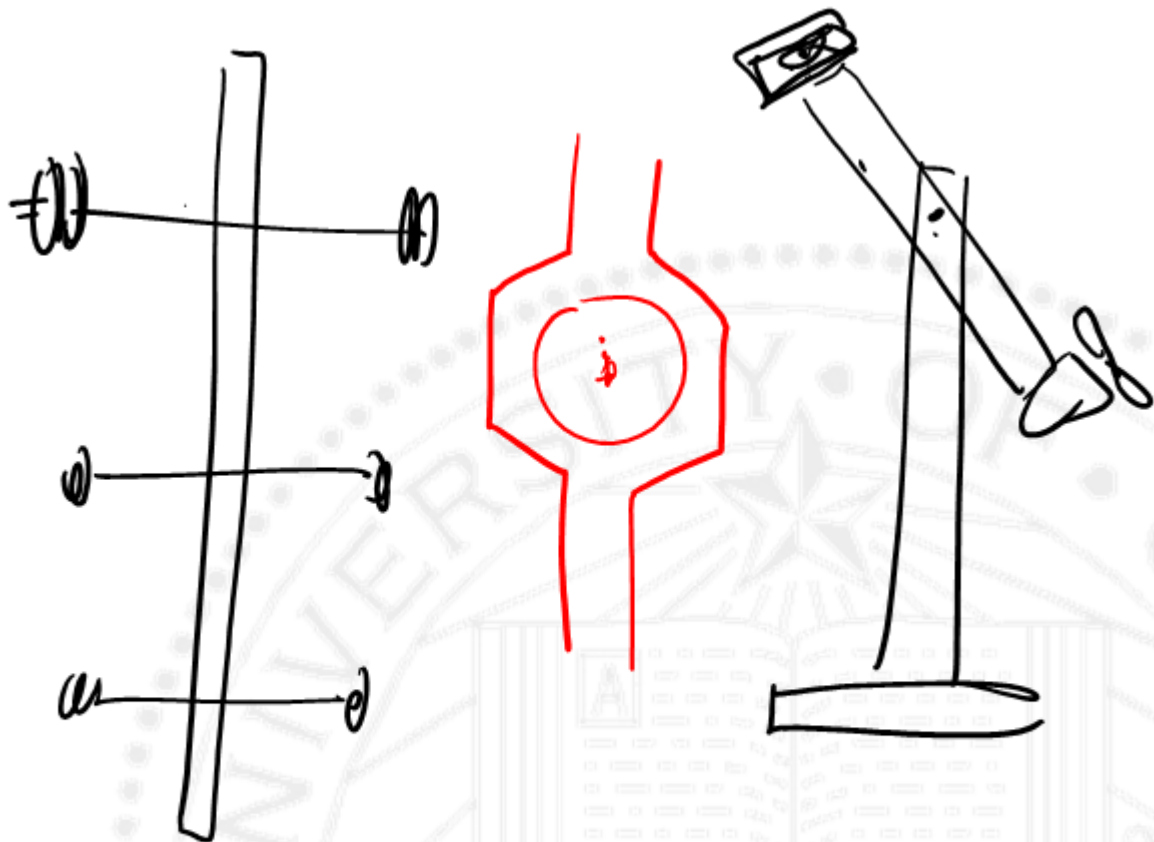


MUSTERN IS DONE

NOT COVERED AT THEM, YET.

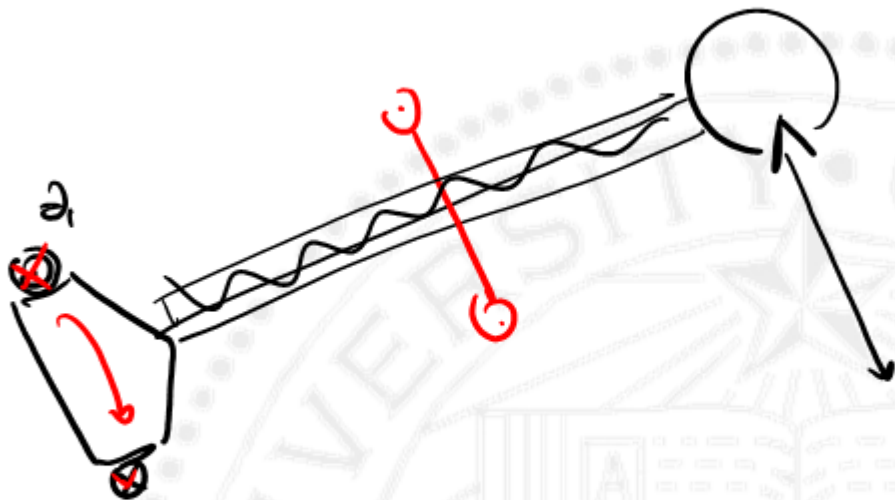






Actuate at Bottom measure at $\vartheta_1 \rightarrow$ collocated

" " " " " $\vartheta_2 - \vartheta_2$ non-collocated.



State Space - Ch. 7 FPE

Root locus
Bode
Nyquist
Digital

State Space \leftarrow Linear Algebra

TF \rightarrow nth order [differential] equation.

N 1st order differential/difference equations.



$$C/Y = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 3} \quad \text{---} \quad \ddot{y} + 2\dot{y} + 3y = u$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$



$$\dot{\underline{x}} = A\underline{x} + B\underline{u}$$

$$y = C\underline{x} + D\underline{u}$$

~~~~~  
most control/standard

$$\dot{\underline{x}} = F\underline{x} + G\underline{u}$$

$$y = H\underline{x} + D\underline{u}$$

~~~~~  
entwurf/MIT

$$\underline{x}_{k+1} = \Phi \underline{x}_k + \Gamma \underline{u}_k$$

$$y_k = N \underline{x}_k + D \underline{u}_k$$

~~~~~

digital





$$\dot{\underline{x}} = A \underline{x} + B \underline{u}$$

$$\underline{y} = C \underline{x} + D \underline{u}$$

$A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  ← dynamics matrix  
state transition matrix  $\Phi$

$B \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$  ← input matrix (not square)

$C \in \mathbb{R}^{r \times n}$  ← output matrix

$\underline{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$   $n \times 1$  vector "state"

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}$$

NOT UNIQUE  
 $n^{\text{th}}$  order system

$\underline{u} \in \mathbb{R}^m$   $m \times 1$  vector "inputs"

$$\begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ \vdots \\ u_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$n^{\text{th}}$  order,  $m$ -input

$\underline{y} \in \mathbb{R}^r$   $r \times 1$  vector "outputs"

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$r$ -output

$D \in \mathbb{R}^{r \times m}$  — direct feedthrough matrix



Proper TF : more x's than o's.

$$D \neq \emptyset$$

$$\frac{n^2 \dots}{n^3 \dots}$$

Strictly Proper TF : x's equal o's.

$$D \neq \emptyset$$

$$\frac{n^3 \dots}{n^3 \dots}$$

Improper TF :

more o's than x's.



$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$u = \underline{-Kx} \text{ . control.}$$

$$y = Cx$$

$$\dot{x} = Ax + B(-Kx) = Ax - BKx = \underline{(A-BK)}x$$

eigenvalues of  $(A-BK) \rightarrow$  poles of a system

$$J = \int_0^{\infty} (x^T Q x + u^T R u) dt$$

A.R.E.

min  $J$

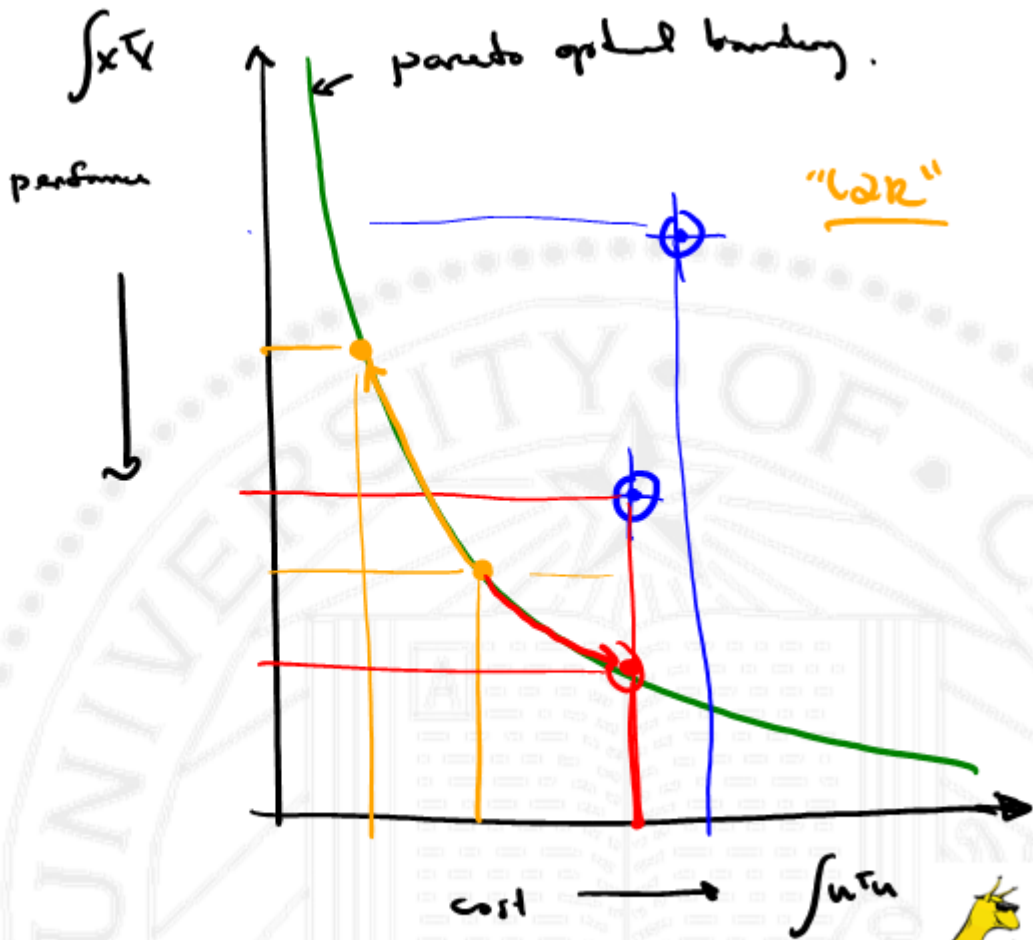
subj.  $\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$



$$\underline{u = -Kx}$$



- stable
- > 50° pm
- 1/2) GM > ∞.



$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 3} \quad \text{---} \quad [s^2 + 2s + 3] Y(s) = U(s)$$

$$\ddot{y} + 2\dot{y} + 3y = u$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{y} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix}$$

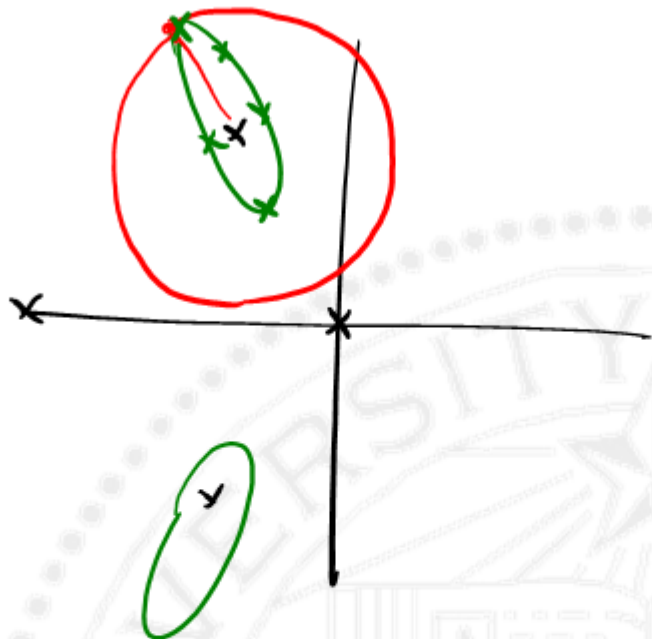
$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ \ddot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$\dot{y} = [y] : \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{y} \\ y \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$\dot{y} = -2\dot{y} - 3y + u$$

TF 2SS  $\longleftrightarrow$  SS2TF





# Scholar's Space

- (1) Higher order systems - easy to deal with
- (2) Multiple input / Multiple output systems - easy to handle.
- (3) New set of tools (Based on linear Algebra) for control design.

$$\dot{\underline{x}} = A\underline{x} + B\underline{u}$$

$$\underline{y} = C\underline{x} + D\underline{u}$$

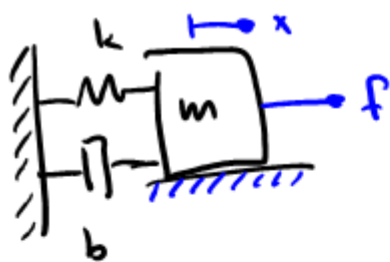


$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\underline{x}} \\ \underline{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{x} \\ \underline{u} \end{bmatrix}$$

*(Note: In the original image, the top row of the matrix is labeled with 'n' and arrows pointing to the A and B blocks, and the bottom row is labeled with 'r' and arrows pointing to the C and D blocks.)*

not secured





$$m\ddot{x} + b\dot{x} + kx = f$$

$$\ddot{x} = -\frac{b}{m}\dot{x} - \frac{k}{m}x + \frac{1}{m}f$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = v \\ \dot{v} = \ddot{x} \end{cases}$$

state  
↓

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ v \end{bmatrix}$$

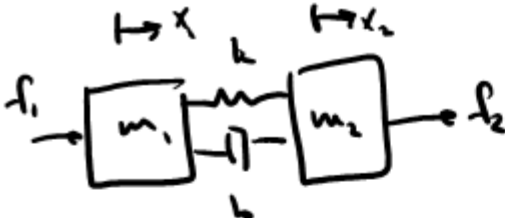
$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{v} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} v \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{k}{m} & -\frac{b}{m} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ v \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{m} \end{bmatrix} F$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ v \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ v \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} F$$

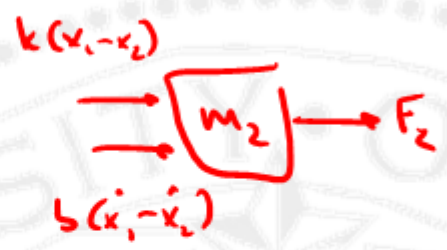
↑  
physics







$$\frac{x_1}{F_1} \quad \frac{x_1}{F_2} \quad \frac{x_2}{F_1} \quad \frac{x_2}{F_2}$$



$$m_1 \ddot{x}_1 = \Sigma F = F_1 + k(x_2 - x_1) + b(\dot{x}_2 - \dot{x}_1)$$

$$m_2 \ddot{x}_2 = \Sigma F = F_2 + k(x_1 - x_2) + b(\dot{x}_1 - \dot{x}_2)$$

$$\underline{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ x_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{m_1} & \frac{k}{m_1} & \frac{1}{m_1} & \frac{k}{m_1} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{m_2}{m_2} & \frac{k}{m_2} & \frac{1}{m_2} & \frac{k}{m_2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_A \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{m_1} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{m_2} \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_B \begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ F_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\ddot{x}_1 = \frac{1}{m_1} F_1 + \frac{1}{m_1} b (x_2 - x_1) + \frac{1}{m_1} k (x_2 - x_1)$$

$$\ddot{x}_2 = \frac{1}{m_2} F_2 + \frac{1}{m_2} b (x_1 - x_2) + \frac{1}{m_2} k (x_1 - x_2)$$

$$\ddot{y} = \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \dot{y} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} F_1 \\ F_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



# Similarity Transform

$$z = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \dot{x}_1 \\ (x_1 - x_2) \\ (x_1 - \dot{x}_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T \quad (\bar{T}' \text{ exists})$$

$$x = Tz \quad z = \bar{T}'x$$

$$\dot{z} = \bar{T}'\dot{x}$$

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$y = Cx + Du$$

$$(\bar{T}'\dot{z}) = A\bar{T}'z + Bu \quad \bar{T}'\dot{z} = \bar{T}'(ATz + Bu)$$

$$y = C\bar{T}'z + Du$$

$$\dot{z} = \bar{T}'ATz + \bar{T}'Bu$$

$$y = C\bar{T}'z + Du$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \leftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \bar{T}'AT & \bar{T}'B \\ C\bar{T}' & D \end{bmatrix}$$



center of mass:

$$\frac{m_1}{m_1+m_2} x_1 + \frac{m_2}{m_1+m_2} x_2 \triangleq \underline{x_{cm}}$$

